### DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 100 553

RC 008 243

AUTHOR

Jones, Lewis W., Comp.; And Others

TITLE Demography of Disadvantage in Tennessee.

INSTITUTION Tennessee Univ., Knoxville. Agricultural Extension

Service.

SPONS AGENCY

Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C.

PEPORT NO Tenn-AES-1
PUB DATE 1 Sep 73

NOTE 91p.

EDRS PRICE MF-\$0.75 HC-\$4.20 PLUS POSTAGE

DESCRIPTORS Academic Achievement; Agriculture; \*Demography;

\*Disadvantaged Environment; \*Economic Factors; Employment; Functional Illiteracy; Health Services; Housing Patterns; Income; Population Growth; Racial Distribution; \*Rural Population: Statistical Data:

\*Tables (Data)

IDENTIFIERS

\*Tennessee

### ABSTRACT

In this report, des graphy conceptualizes significant characteristics to serve as a basis for more intensive study, planning, and procedures focusing on the target group. A compilation of the latest reports available and primarily tabular in form, identifies and locates Tennessee's disadvantaged people, ranking the 95 counties on each of 8 indicators of disadvantage, lack of goods and services to the extent that there is the impairment of quality of life as measured by the following indicators: family income level, per capita income, youth dependency ratio, unemployment, Farm Operator Level-of-Living Index, and functional illiteracy. A summary table showing the rankings of the 95 counties on each indicator, with a rank average and overall rank order is given. Detailed data on which the summary is based, are given in 12 tables. Data, (in either raw numerical or percentage form) describe the: (1) general population characteristics -- numbers, changes between 1950 and 1970, racial composition, and dependency ratios; (2) economic conditions -- unemployment rates, agricultural and manufacturing employment, and housing occpancy and quality; (3) health, education, and welfare services -- health care services, availability of physicians and hospital beds, birth and death rates, and food stamp program participation; and (4) illiteracy rate. (NQ)



# **DEMOGRAPHY**

OF

# DISADVANTAGE IN TENNESSEE

SEPTEMBER 1, 1973

TENNESSEE STATE UNIVERSITY
AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION BULLETIN

18 :

# DEMOGRAPHY OF DISADVANTAGE IN TENNESSEE

Prepared by:

Lewis W. Jones
Sociological Consultant
Tennessee State University
Director, Southeast Regional
Rural Development Center
Tuskegee Institute

Joseph W. Morris
Research and Statistical
Analyst, Tennessee
State University

James E. Farrell, Dean
Division of Extension and Continuing
Education, Tennessee State
University

September 1, 1973

Tennessee State University Agricultural Extension Bulletin

No. 1



# FOREWORD

The Tennessee State University Information Series adds this basic research report to its publications as a result of new support that has come to Tennessee State University, one of the land-grant institutions provided for by the Second Morrill Land Grant Act of 1890. Federal legislation in the first session of the Ninety-second Congress directed funds to support programs of sixteen traditionally black colleges distinguished from the land-grant institutions established under the First Morrill Land Grant Act of 1862.

This volume presents information directed to a varied audience--policy-makers, program developers, and citizens of Tennessee--whose support of programs and influence on policy are a civic and political imperative. Statistical facts have been brought together from many sources and made available in a single volume. The statistics have been presented in a readily understandable form and organized to make the information wanted easily secured. This volume is a source book of information prepared by scholars for people and not for use by other scholars.

The Tennessee State University Information Series is grounded in the client-oriented policy of the Cooperative Extension Service. This published report will seek to answer questions a constituency may be asking in language they ceadily understand.



ii

This publication has an added significance in its appearance as the first product of the new dimension of "Cooperation" in the Cooperative Extension program through Federal funds. Tennessee State University is appreciative of the opportunity to make a further contribution to the people of the State in this way.

Andrew P. Torrence, President



## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

Special thanks is given to Irene Cummins of the Tennessee State Department of Health, to three persons from the Tennessee State Planning Commission; Tilden Curry, Executive Director; Niles Schoening, Director of State Planning; and Eleanor Burt, Librarian. Equal thanks is expressed to W. W. Pendleton, Secretary of the Southern Regional Dempgraphic Group, to Frank Bell, Director of Research and Development, Division of Higher Education, State of Tennessee, to Paul Hutcheson, Director of the Computer Center, Middle Tennessee State University, and to Richard Curran, Regional Economist and attorney for the Mid-Cumberland Council of Governments.

We cannot overlook our two typists Gwendolyn Patrick and Mildred Harrington who labored long and faithfully in typing what seemed to be an endless array of numbers. We are deeply indebted to them.

Lewis W. Jones

James E. Farrell

iv



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

																								rage
FOREWOR	D.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	i i
ACKNOWL	EDG	ME	NTS		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	iv
INTRODU	CTI	ON	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
FORMAT		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 5
SUMMARY	IN	DIC	CAT	OR:	S	•		•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	6
DEFINIT	ION	OF	E	ND	IC	ΑT	'OR	S	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	7
Map 1	:	Rar Inc	nkin lica	ng ato	o or	f S	Te ca	nr 16	ies es		ee •	Cc·	ur •	ıti •	ie:	s (	on •	D:	isa •	a dv	va i	nta •	ag.	e 8
Table	I:	1	is Ind: Disa	ĹCá	ato	or	S	fo	r	I c	ium ier	ti	.fy	ir	ng	E:	ıe		Se	ele •	eci	teo	1	9
POPULAT	ION	PR	OF	ILI	7.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	13
Table	ΙI	:	Pop	oul	la	ti	on	C	ha	ın g	ge	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	15
Table	ΙI	I:	Ra	aci	ia	1	Po	pu	la	ti	lon	ļ	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	20
Table	IV	:	Dep	oer	nde	en	сy			•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•	•	•	•	25
ECONOMI	C I	NDI	CAT	l'OE	RS			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•						•	•	•	30
l'able	٧:	E	mp 1	loy	/me	en	t		•	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	33
Table	VI	:	Inc	2011	ne		•		•	•	•		•	•	•	•		•	•	•		•	•	38
Table																								43
lable																								48
Table																								53
SERVICE																								58
Table																								ьl
Table																						•	•	66



# TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

																Page
Table XII:	Education .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	71
Table XIII:	Food Stamps	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	76
RIBITOGRAPHT!	•						_		_					_		81



# INTRODUCTION

Many programs and activities obenefit the poor and the disadvantaged are being considered, planned or are already in operation that demographic information may facilitate. In hurrying to do something to take advantage of a favorable public mood, action is initiated at times without a sufficiently full picture of the situation in which action is to take place or the people to whom a program is directed. This is true of research and action programs. Very often the committed agency has to act as it does because some information it needs is not readily available and action-oriented personnel do not have time to locate and take recourse to sources of information. This volume seeks to provide information for ready reference from a compilation of the latest reports available.

Demography, as the study of populations, undertakes conceptualization of significant characteristics so as to provide a description that serves as a basis for more intensive study, planning and procedures as the target group is brought into focus. The statistical data in this volume describes configurations and structural characteristics in several variations that appear in the population of the State of Tennessee.

Carefully selected statistical information is more than institutes and percentages. Figures and percentages in a concentual framework are indicators from which the gross



characteristics of a population and profiles of sub-groups may be obtained. The demographer must know what he is doing when he selects facts to be reported and he must be sensitive to the clarity of his logical arrangement in their tabular presentation. It is important that people with social responsibility have elementary statistical literacy to understand the message a number or a per cent conveys. For example, the count of persons under 18 and over 65 years of age and a computed dependency ratio tell the legislator, the policymaker, and the program developer things of importance about a county or a community. The number and proportion of population under 18 indicates the need for educational provisions. A high dependency ratio computed on the basis of those under 18 and over 65 indicates the burden the productive population, those between 18 and 65, must carry. Figures on out-migration may indicate loss of productive population or where the pressure of population on resources has been severe out-migration may make for economic improvement.

The data collection herein presented is concerned with identification of the disadvantaged elements of the Tennessee population. These may not be presented in a vacuum. Rather, to bring them into hold relief requires a background and related contrasting elements. We have undertaken the task we set for ourselves as providing answers concerned people have asked and which we anticipate they will continue to ask.



Some of these questions are:

How many people are poor?

Where in the State are they located?

In terms of what criteria is area-type poverty defined?

What are the productive-dependency ratios?

What is the employment situation--kinds of employment and unemployment?

What are the service patterns in the areas of disadvantage as compared to areas of relative advantage-health, education, public assistance?

Some tables describe the general population characteristics--numbers, changes over the two decades (1950-1970), racial composition, dependency ratios.

Tables describing economic conditions show areas of extremely high unemployment rates and others with surprisingly low unemployment rates. Areas of decline in agricultural employment and manufacturing concentration are identified with special attention given to trends in sparsely settled counties that rank high on the disadvantage scales. Measures of disadvantage reported in county data include per capita income and unsound and overcrowded housing.

When public services provided to a population are considered, health care services are a primary concern. A comprehensive measure of a county's health status is an index of health devised by the Tennessee Department of Health: -Im-addition, specific figures are included in reporting the



availability of physicians, and hospital beds. These are related to such health measures as birth and death rates. The illiteracy rate is an indicator of the population that is functionally disadvantaged in a time when reading is an essential communication skill. The food stamp program participation by counties is used as an indication of welfare provisions.

Table I shows the ranks of each of the 95 counties for eight selected indicators of disadvantage, and also shows the average of the ranks of these eight indicators. Additionally the average rank is converted into rank order for each of the 95 counties. Following Table I are Tables II through XIII which supply the raw data for each of the 95 counties of Tennessee.

The figures in Tables I through XIII do not simply verify location but make specific the degree of intensity of disadvantage.



### **FORMAT**

The data presented in this volume serve to identify and locate the disadvantaged people in Tennessee whether in indigent areas or in pockets within more affluent areas. For our purposes disadvantage is defined as the lack of goods and services to the extent that there is impairment of the quality of life as measured by selected indicators.

The data are arranged in large tables which report on the 95 counties of the state. There are 12 such tables. Much of the information in these tables is set down in either raw numerical form or in per cent.

Table I is a summary table that shows the rankings of the 95 Tennessee Counties on each of eight indicators of disadvantage, with an average of ranks and overall rank order. Detailed data on which the summary is based are in the 12 tables in the body of the report.



# SUMMARY INDICATORS

It is difficult to arrive at acceptance of normative standards. To avoid deciding the question as to where the line should be drawn between advantage and disadvantage, the counties in the State of Tennessee were ranked so as to indicate the relative position of the counties in terms of each characteristic considered to contribute to a description of a county's socio-economic condition.

Map 1 and Table I give the ranking of counties on eight selected indicators. The ranks run from 1 for the most advantaged county to 95 for the least advantaged county. Thus, Davidson county ranks 1 on the family income scale, the per capita income scale and the functional literacy scale and Bledsoe county ranks 86 on per capita income and 91 on the health index.



# DEFINITION OF INDICATORS

- 1. <u>Family Income Level</u>. Per cent of families having annual incomes of less than \$3,000 in 1969.
- 2. <u>Per Capita Income, 1969</u>. County income expressed as amount accruing to each person in the population if distributed equally.
- 3. Youth Dependency Ratio. Number of persons less than 15 years of age per 100 population, 15 through 64, 1970.
- 4. Unemployment. Per cent of labor force unemployed, 1970.
- 5. Farm Operator Level-of-Living Index. ERS Index for 1964.
- b. Housing. Per cent of Sound Housing, 1960.
- 7. <u>Health Index</u>, 1970. Tennessee Department of Public Health Index.
- 8. <u>Functional Illiteracy</u>. Number of persons per 100 population age 25 and over with 4 years or less of schooling.



to enact the second of the sec	
	1
(2.5) (2.5) (3.2) (3.2) (3.2) (4.5)	
	5 (5)
1.1.2 2.2.3 2.2.3 2.2.3 2.3.3 2.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.	3)
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	53.5
(35)	
	(39)
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
(2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	(75) (75)
	38.7
	53.0
A D 77 - D	i
(65) (65) (65) (65) (65)	(73)
(6.) (6.) (6.) (6.) (6.) (6.) (6.) (6.)	59.9
(c) (c.+) (cō)	
	(f e)
	(6,0) (6,0)
	1
90 (T)	* 61
()()	16
	<b>&amp;</b> €

Note: The average rank appears outside the parenthesis and the rank order is placed on the inside of the parenthesis.

TABLE I

Listing of Bank Numbers of Eight Selected Indicators for Identifying the Disadvantaged

					Indicators					
	Family	Per	Youth Depend-	-8.501	Farm Opera-			Func-	; •	
	Income	Capita	dency	ploy-		Hous-	ca I	Illit-	4064 4864	Kank
County	Level	Income	Ratio	ment	Index	ing	nd	eracy	Rank	Order
	(1)	(2)	$\sim$	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(6)	(10)
Anderson	0		ا ج	56.0	7.	1 '	1 .	i	_	01
Bedford	ci.	₹.	, 2	ر. د	5	. 5	S			2.2
Benton	37.5	30.0	32.0	68.5	66.5	45.C	38.0	32.0		123
Bledsoe	•	•	ું	γ.	•	7		ب	7	72
Blount	ॢ	6.	5	ġ.	2.	<u>∞</u>	9	_	س	7
Bradley	m.	, ,	œ.	<u>.</u>	ω.	0	5.	٠.,	c	5
Campbell	•	•	о О	€.	œ.	Ξ.	6	2.	5	58
Cannon	6	•	9	Ϊ.	-	ω.	0	ω,	7	8 7
Carroll	ران ا	•	2	δ.	9.	<b>∞</b>	2	9	3	29
Carter	/	÷	2	·	€.	7.	7	9	5	31
Cheatham	<b>.</b>	<u>.</u>	5	<del>.</del>	5.		œ	3	_	40
Chester	2	6	2	1.	2	·	2	و	7	50
Claiborne	<del>.</del>		۲.	÷	2	æ.	2	•		83
Clay	• <† !	_;	~•	÷	æ.	۲.	9	φ α	7	86
Cocke	ر. ا		.+.	1.	9	6	2	7	2.	88
Cottee	٠ •	0	.+	0	δ.	7	Ξ.	• •*	7	20
Crockett	·	Ϊ.	φ.	Ξ.	7	<u>.</u>		0	• •†	58
Cumberland	· ·			-	Ϊ.	٦.	9.	٠ ا	2	79
Ø	_;		-	9	<del>ب</del>	٠ د	٠ 00	_	9	
	•	•	<b>~</b>	<u>.</u>		6	0	0	.+	44.5
Dekalb	2	7	_	<b>~</b>	5.	<u>~</u>	_	3	· თ	
Dickson	7	$\overset{\bullet}{\infty}$	.+	·	7.	·	54.0	39.0	32.4	26.5

\*Data in column (9) were computed by adding the data in columns (1) through (8) then dividing by 8. The data in column (10) are the 95 ranks of the data in column (9).

TABLE I (continued)

	Family	Per	Youth Depend-	Unem-	ン _ —			unc	Aver-	
Na uaco	Income Level (1)	Capita Income (2)	dency Ratio (3)	ploy ment (4)	of-Living Index (5)	Hous- ing (6)	Health Index (7)	Illit- eracy (8)	аде <sup>ф</sup> Капк (9)	Kank* Order (10)
Dver	C* + +	29.0	2	3	•	-	5	1 4	1 5	36.5
マサ	91.0	0.86	95.0	87.5	88,5	0.76	86.0	0.06	90.6	95
ر	<b>~</b> ↑	0.4%	Ö	ω.	•	œ	C.	\ \d	9	33
rankli	29.0	5.	<u>ب</u>	9	6	_	$\infty$	ж •	٠×,	12 X
Gibson	9	·†	ci.	4	9	5.	_	Ϊ.	$\infty$	21
Giles	٠,	ė		4.	ci.	,†	δ.	•	$\infty$	34
Grainger	·+	$\overset{\cdot}{\infty}$	တ်	•	_;	<u>٠</u>		0	٠.	* <del>†</del> 8
Greene	<u> </u>	c.i	_;	₽.	5			5.	٠,	47
Grundy	·	ci.	, ,	 آ	2	<b>~</b> i	9.	9	œ.	75
Hamblen	<u>ن</u>	_	6.	₹.	ė.	~	ζ.	9.	0	23
Hamilton	<u>ښ</u>	<;	i.	7.	9.	6	9	2	-	m
Hancock	•	٠.	6	9	5.	0	о О	~	9	93
Hardeman	Ġ.	9	<u> </u>	α	5	6	ö	2	φ. Φ	87
Hardin	٠.	Ġ	ر.	ci.	_	6	.+	0	2	65
Hawkins	6	.+	9.	٠	.+	0	.+	9	٠.	61
Havwood	۲-	-	•	9	Š	٠ 0	-	7	٠ دا	91
Henderson	7.	/	-	6.	<u>.</u>	~	٠ 00	0	٠ ص	53
Henry	٠ ئ	ci.		· ∞	6	٠.	0	•	<u>~</u> i	26.5
Hickman	.+	٠ م	ci.	۳,	~	.+		0	.+	m
Houston	•	6	6	9	φ,	.+	ά.	0	_	89
Humphrevs		_•	٠ 00	•	6	· 0	0	/	٠ 00	33
Jackson	ç.i	φ.	<u>~</u>	4.	_:	.0		.+	5	77
lefferson		_	-	9	,	- 1	÷	.+	•	30
Chuson	6	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	•	~	~	_	φ,	.0	74



TABLE 1 (continued)

95.0 76.1 85
1.0 95.0
1.5

	(continued)
	_
/	TABLE

County	Family Income Level	Per Capita Income (2)	Youth Dependency Ratio (3)	Unem- ploy- ment (4)	Farm Operator Levelof-Living Index (5)	Hous- ing (6)	Health Index (7)	Functional Illiterary (8)	Aver- age* Rank (9)	kank* Order (10)
				0 63	۷	1 🗝	7	30.5	ç	32
Roane		25.0	· .	•	•	•	•		· ~	75
Robertson	0.14	37.0	ر. <i>لار</i> م ار	12.7	99.5	10.5		0.0	14.1	9
Kutherrord	•	10.0	; ←	•		9		1.	.+	92
Scott	•	0.70	•	د د		7	~	Ci	~	56
Sequatorie	•	0000	,0	• • ~	، ا	. 5	.+	/	.+	44.5
Sevier	•		. 5	, ,	9		•		_	
Siletoy	•	38.0		7	6	0	.+	3	/	5.7
Surrant	•	73.0	· ~	0	·	ω.	.+	5	<b>5</b> .	79
Sullivan	•	7.0	2	6	2	4.		4.	÷,	<u>.</u>
Sumper		0.8	•	3	9.	9	٠ ک	∞ ا	؛ ف	78.5
Tinton		75.0	ω.	φ	2	4.	.+ :	•	÷.	28
Transdale		58.0		7	7	9	٠ •	4.	حد	
Unicoi		42.0	2.	4.	]	6	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	:	7 0
Union		83.0	œ	6	φ.	2	٠. د	<u>.</u>	~ .	80
Van Buren	•	67.0	2.	•	2	<b>.</b>		<u>.</u> ;		07. 07.
Warren		33.5	9.	•	7.	٠.	· t	· r	٠,	• • •
Washington		13.0	•	<u>∞</u>	7	4	•	•	⊃`.	0 0
Mayne	•	74.0	•	4.	<del>.</del>	4.	/	•		) ;
Woak lov		35.0		2	6	<del>.</del>	7	<b>.</b>		<u> </u>
White	•	53.0	7	$\infty$	9.	5.	•	٠.	<u>,</u>	00
Williamsan	•	0.9	•	•	4.	4.	œ i	•	ું.	74
Wilson		12.0	6	•	2	2	/	•	• •	14

# POPULATION PROFILE

Description of county populations in Tennessee is essential so that we have some idea of the people we are giving consideration. Table II presents descriptive statistics describing the number of people in each county area, the density of population in 1970 with the changes in numbers of people from 1950 to 1960, and from 1960 to 1970. Table III describes the racial composition of the Tennessee population in 1950, 1960 and 1970.

Table IV introduces the first characteristic of relative advantage—the dependency ratios of the counties. These are the ratios of the population under 15 and of the population over 55 to the population 15 through 64 which is generally regarded as the productive population. The smaller the ratio of dependents to producers the less the burden on the producers to support and provide services for those who may not contribute to the care and services provided. The range of the dependency ratio of 65 years old and over was from 11 to 25. The range of the dependency ratio of less than 15 years old was from 36 to 69. Table IV also presents the portion of the total population under age 18 and the portion over 65.

Several counties gained more than 20 per cent in general population from 1960 to 1970. These counties were: Summer with 54.9 per cent; Cheatham with 40.0 per cent; Williamson



with 35.9 per cent; Wilson with 33.7 per cent; Bradley with 32.3 per cent; Houston with 21.9 per cent; and Putnam with 21.4 per cent. The counties losing 5 per cent or more of the general population during this decade were: Fentress with -5.2 per cent; Campbell with -6.8 per cent; Stewart with -6.8 per cent; Lauderdale with -7.2 per cent; Fayette and Grundy with -7.7 per cent each; Clay with -9.1 per cent; Jackson with -11.8 per cent; Hancock with -13.4 per cent; Pickett with -14.8 per cent; Haywood with -16.2 per cent; and Lake with -17.5 per cent. Lake County led with the greatest loss of population. The most acute population loss occurred in the Southwest Tennessee and upper Cumberland counties.

Of especial interest is that those West Tennessee counties heavily losing general population were also heavily black populated. By 1970 Fayette had 61.2 per cent blacks; Haywood, 54.9 per cent; Lauderdale, 34.5 per cent; and Lake, 23.5 per cent. Other counties with a composition of more than 20 per cent black population were Hardeman with 38.6 per cent; Shelby with 37.2 per cent; Tipton with 32.6 per cent; Madison with 31.9 per cent; Crockett with 22.0 per cent; and Gibson with 22.0 per cent.

A high concentration of persons age 18 and below was found in several of the heavily black populated West Tennessee counties and in the Appalachian counties. Older persons, age 65 or above, resided mostly on the fringes of Middle Tennessee and in West Tennessee.



TABLE 11

Population Change

	General Prepulation	(3) General Popula- tion	Per Cent of Population Change	(5) General Popula- tion	(6) Per Cent of Population Change	Density, Persons per
A limited	0641	0961	1950-1960	1970	1960-1970	1970
Anderson	29:407		•	0,3	•	
Bedlord		•	•	5,0	•	0
Benton	, †	~	/		<i>~</i>	
Bledsoe	کر	~	•	7,62	2	$\infty$
Blount .	9,		'n	3,77	0	10
Bradlev	بر.		•	9,0	C	
Campbell	٠ <u>,</u>	ັ້	$\infty$	9,07	9	57.
Cannon	, 17	∞ ″`	9	8,46		. —
Carroll	7	_1	•	5,74	6	· ~
Carter	<b>\</b>	<u>.</u>	•	, 57	•	· -+
Cheatham	, 16	~1 	•	3,19		
ب ا	Ξ.	و ر	à	9,92	~	
Claiborne	78	19,067	-23.1	19,420	1.9	43.7
Clay	70	7,2	9	6,62		0
Cacke	6	w T	•	5,28	ω	
Coffee	ò	<b>8</b> ,6	•	2,57		
Crockett	3	ر. در	2	4,40	<u> </u>	. ~
<b>.</b>	18,87	19,1		73		
tn	75	9,7	•	7,87	2	
Decatur	††°6	∝ ໂ	Ϊ.	9,45		28.
ບ	1,68	0,7	•	1.15		· _
Dickson	8,80	· α		1,97		•
Dver	3,47	9,5		0,42	,	•
Favette	53	S		9		•
Fentress	4,91	3,2	-10.9	$\frac{1}{2}$ , 59		•
			1	\ \ \	_	•



TABLE 11 (continued)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(†)	(5)	(9)	(7)
	General	General	Per Cent of	General Popula-	Population	_
	ropula-	ropula-	Change		Change	Square Mile,
Count ies	1950	0961	1950-1960	1970	1960-1970	1970
				1 .		1 :
Franklin	25,431	25,528	•	``	<b>6.</b> /	•
Cibson	48, 132	<b>\</b> †	•	_	7.1	œ.
()	76,961	22,410	•	<u>.</u>	-1.2	· .
Crainant	13,086	12,506	•		11.5	<b>J</b>
Crumbe	41,048	42,163	2.7		13.0	1.11
Prinche	•	_	œ	<u> </u>	-7.7	•
Grands Homb Lon	•	• ~~	•	œ	16.9	250.3
Heart 1 cm	•	237, 405	1	, ,	6.9	•
	֓֞֞֞֜֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֓֡֓֓֓֓֡֓֞֜֓֡֓֡֓֡֓֡	737,	5 71	ی آ	•	•
Hancock	9,110	7676	•	• •	7	
Hardeman	23, 511	710,17	•	ີ ວ	•	
Hardin	16,908	17,39/	•	Ĉ:	• † <	•
Hawk ins	30,494	30,468		<u>ب</u> ز	<u>.</u>	•
Hawwood	26,212	23,393	•	י ב	د د	0.70
Henderson	17,173	16,115	9	<b>,</b>	•	•
Henry	23,828	22,275	•	•	•	•
Hickman	13,353	11,862		Š	.7	•
Houston	5,318	4,794	•	ις.	•	•
Humphrevs	11,030	11,511	·†	_	· ·	•
Jackson	12,348	9,233	•	ဆ်		•
Jetierson	19,667	21,493	9	24,940	0.9	7.16
Johnson	12,278	10,765	2		•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Knox	223,007	250,523	•	ق	•	•
	11,655	9,572	7.	7	<u>`</u>	•
Landordale	25,047	21,844	12.	Ō	•	•
	28,818	28,049	•		•	•
1.6501.5	6,078	6,269	•		•	•
lincoln	25,624	23,829	•	•	•	•
London	23,182		•	4	2.1	•
	•	,				



TABLE 11 (continued)

(1)	(5)	(3)	(+)	(5)	(4)	(7)
	General	General	Per Gent of	General	Per Cent of	Density.
	-r-Indod	Popula-	Population	Popula-	Population	Persons per
	<b>t i</b> ,11	t ion	Change	t i on	Change	Square Mile.
Count ies	0.6.	1960	1950-1960	0761	1960-1970	1970
		1				
McMinn	32,024	33,662	5.1	5,40	ر. س	~×
McNairv	20,340	18,085	-11.3	.× .×	9 <b>.</b> l	32.3
Macon	13,599	12,197	-10.3		0.1	40.5
Madison	•	Ć	0.9	5.7.	•	117.3
Marion	20,520	21,036	2.5	5.0		7.07
Marshall	17,768	9	- 5.1	.~		6.54
Maury	40,368	669,14	•	3.3		71.7
Meigs	6,080	5,160	•	5.2		
Monroe	24,513	23,316	6.4-	3,47	0.7	~
Montgomery	44,186	55,645	•	72	•	
Moore	3,948	3,454	•			~
Morgan	15,727	14,304	•	3,61		. ~
Objon	29,056	26,957	•	2,2		~
Overton	17,566	14,661	•	8		~
Perry	6,462	5,273	•	5,23		
Pickett	5,093	4,431	-13.0	3	-14.8	23.9
Polk	14,074	12,160	•	1,66	•	
Putnam	29,869	29,236	•	5,48	•	~
Rhea	16,041	15,863	Ή.	,20	æ	•
Roane	31,665	39,133	•	88.8	•	•
Robertson	27,024	27,335	•	9,10	•	•
Rutherford	40,696	52,368	œ	9,42	•	•
Scott	17,362	15,413	•	7,76	4.	
Sequatchie	5,685	5,915	•	6,33	•	•
Sevier	23,375	24,251	3.7	8,24	•	•
Shelby	482,393	627,019	•	0	15.2	•
	14,098	12,059	4.	2,50	3.7	38.8
Stewart	9,175	7,851	-14.4	31	8.9-	•
		)			)	

TABLE II (continued)

(1) Counties	(2) General Popula- tion 1950	(3) General Popula- tion 1960	Per Cent of Population Change 1950-1960	(5) General Popula- tion 1970	Per Cent of Population Change 1960-1970	Density, Persons per Square Mile, 1970
Sullivan Sumner Tipton Trousdale Unicoi Union Van Buren Warren Wayne Weakley White Williamson	95,063 33,533 29,782 5,520 15,886 8,670 3,985 22,271 59,971 13,864 27,962 16,204 26,318	114,139 36,217 28,564 4,914 15,082 8,498 3,671 23,102 64,832 11,908 24,227 15,577 25,267 27,668	20.1 8.0 -4.1 -11.0 -7.9 -7.9 -14.1 -13.4 -3.9	127,329 56,106 28,001 5,155 15,254 9,072 3,758 26,972 73,924 12,365 17,088 34,330 36,999	11.6 54.9 -2.0 4.9 1.1 16.8 19.0 33.7	308.1 105.0 61.0 45.3 82.5 42.8 16.7 50.0 42.8 57.9 65.1



Center for Business and Economic Research, the University of Tennessee, Knoxville and of the Census, General Population Characteristics, Tennessee: 1970 Census of Popula-Table II were taken from State Planning Division, Tennessee State Planning Commission, Population in Tennessee, April, 1970. The data in Column (5) were taken from Bureau United States Summary: 1970 Census of Population. The data in Column (7) came from tion. The data in Column (6) came from Bureau of the Census, Number of Inhabitants, Sources of Data and Explanations: The data in Columns (2), (3), and (4) of Tennessee State Planning Commission, State Planning Division, Nashville, Tennessee Population and Housing 1950-1970, Part I: Summary Indicators, March, 1971.

TABLE III

Racial Composition

(1)	(2) Number of	(3) Per Cent	(4) Number of	(5) Per Cent		(7) Per Cent
Counties	Population Non-white 1950	Population Non-white 1950	Population Non <b>-white</b> 1960	Population Non-white 1960	Population Non-white 1970	Population Non-white 1970
Anderson	1,813	3.1	, •	3.4	1 *	3.9
Bedford	2,980	12.6	2,763	11.9	2,682	-
Benton	292	2.5	316	•	379	•
Bledshe	458	5.3		5.8	512	7.3
Blount	2,864	5.2	2,793	•	5,564	•
Bradley	•	_	•	•	•	•
Campbel1	421	1.2	797	•	205	•
Cannon		•		•		•
Carroll	3,497	•	3,163	•	3,184	•
Carter	407	1.0	445	•	422	•
Cheatham	733	٠ ۵	628	•	809	•
Chester	1,433	12.9	1,295	•	1,278	•
Claiborne	355	•	310	•	285	•
Clay	242	2.8	166	2.3	130	2.0
Cocke	643	•	714	•	716	•
Coffee	1,020	•	1,022	•	1,256	4.
Crockett	3,601	21.7	•	•	•	22.0
Cumberland	12	•	9	•		•
Davidson	697, 49	•	76,832	•	89,223	•
Decatur	268	0.9	533	<b>6.</b> 4	780	9.6
DeKalb	301	•	276	•	238	•
Dickson	1,453	7.7	•	•	•	•
Dyer	4,620	13.8	4,	14.8	4,002	<u>ښ</u>
Fayette	19,445	•	16,931	68.8	•	61.2
Fentress	<b>S</b>	0.0	2	0.0	ဆ	•



TABLE 111 (continued)

(1)	(2) Number of Population	(3) Per Cent	(4) Number of Population	$\sim 0$ $\pi$	(6) Number of Population	(7) Per Cent Population
Counties	Non-white 1950	·	· •	i eprof	• •	
Franklin	2.369	9.3	.27		.12	8.0
	,12		62	. <del>.</del>	9,888	5
Giles	5,656		00,	•	,45	•
Grainger	209	•	17	•	17	•
Greene	1,141	2.8	2	•	5	•
Grundy		0.3	<b>-</b>	0.1	~;	<b>1.</b> ,
namo len	n n	•	2,00°	•	7,12	•
Hamilton	42,236	20.4	, 5/	19.9	, %	•
Hardeman	8, 725	7.18	2 6	•	ی ن ک	<b>寸 ℃</b>
Hardin	1,237		8	6	3	
Hawkins	1,062	3.5	,09	•	(3,	•
Haywood	16,223	•	,33	•	,73	•
Henderson	1,707	6.6	,71	0	,74	Ċ.
Henry	3,679	15.4	, 32	7	, 17	ί.,
Hickman	908	0.9	$\sim$ $\sim$	•	<b>Ο</b> ι	•
Houston	360 587	יים מיים	<b>10</b>	•	$\sim$ c	•
Jackson	105	0	34	0.0	920	 
Jefferson	977	5.0	<b>2</b>	•	, M	
Johnson	178		<b>す</b>	•	_	
Knox	21,502	9.6	92	6	,06	œ
Lake	2,587	22.2	,21	•	<b>S</b>	•
Lauderdale	8,724	34.8	, هزر	φ,	, 94	•
Lawrence	000	7.0	V C	•	st c	•
Lewis	7 670	7.7	71	_; ત	1 0	, ,
Lincoin	, ס	7.47	5,157	•	<b>&gt;</b> -	•
רסממסוו	<b>1</b>	۲•٦	ţ	•	<b>→</b>	•



TABLE III (continued)

•	(2) Number of	(3) Per Cent	(4) Number of	(5) Per Cen	<b></b>	(7) Per Cent Pounlation
Counties	Non-white 1950	Non-white 1950	att Dit O	Non-white 1960	te	it
McMinn	1.584	6.4	78	•	83	•
McNairv	1,308	7.9	1,249	6.9	1,255	7.8
Macon	193	•	12	1.	<b>∞</b>	Ϊ.
Madison	19,976	33.2	,67	•	20,547	•
Marion	1,374	9	,34	9	$\frac{21}{2}$	٠.
Marshall	2,102	<b>.</b>	$\infty$ (	•	,87	•
Maury	8,586	•	عقر	<b>.</b>	, 00,	ò,
Meigs	294	<b>8.</b> 7	S	•	$\infty$	•
Monroe		٠ د	<b>–</b> ,	· ·	900	4 r
Montgomery	9,808	•	4 (	ر •	J U	•
Moore	325	× 000	2,5	•	7	•
Morgan			200	7-	77	•
Obion	3,265	•	7 C	•	VV	•
Overton	\$ <b>%</b>	•	<b>-</b> (	•	<b>0</b> L	•
Perry	205	3.2	194 1	•	154	•
Pickett	3		90	•	٠.	•
Polk	06	•	N	•	٦,	•
Putnam	555	1.9	536	•	242	•
Rhea	ĬĬĬ	•	200	•	10	•
Roane	1,526	•	79	<b>.</b>	ا 0	ţ,
Robertson	4,845	17.9	, 78	•	,65	•
Rutherford	6,673	16.4	,17	<u>.</u>	, 25	· (
Scott	6	•	m (	•	12	•
Sequatchie	<b>∞</b> ;	0.1	(	•	•	•
Sevier	215	•	19	<b>.</b>	<b>7</b> 7	<b>.</b>
Shelby	180,185	•	228,082	36.4	268,550	
Smith	712	5.1	_	•	<b>7</b>	•
Stewart	278	3.0	$\sim$	•	$\infty$	•



TABLE III (continued)

Sullivan 2,323 Sumner 3,967 Tipton 10,882 Frousdale 988			1960	Non-white	Per Cent Population Non-white 1970
Union Van Buren Var Buren Vashington Vayne Vaskley Vayne Valiamson Valia	11.8 17.9 17.9 0.0 7.3 2.1	2,505 4,126 11,198 11,198 2,546 1,757 1,757 5,064	2.2 39.2 16.9 0.0 0.8 4.8 1.7 2.8	2,615 4,287 9,114 934 20 20 11 1,223 2,958 2,958 1,806 1,806 4,831	2.7 32.6 18.1 0.0 0.5 4.8 6.8



from Center for Business and Economic Research, The University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee Population and Housing 1950-1970, Part I: Summary Indicators, March, 1971. Sources of Data and Explanations: The data in Columns (2) and (4) of Table Population in Tennessee, April, 1970. The data in Columns (3), (5), and (7) came III were lifted from State Planning Division, Tennessee State Planning Commission, The data in Column (6) were taken from Bureau of Census, General Population Charand Tennessee State Planning Commission, State Planning Division, Nashville, acteristics, Tennessee: 1970 Census of Population.



# TABLE IV Dependency

Anderson bedford Benton Bledsoe Blount Bradley Campbell	Per Cent of Population Under 18 Years of Age, 1970	(3) Per Cent of Population Age 65 and Above, 1970	(4) Dependency Ratios Aged, 1970 (Persons 65 and Over per 100 Pop., 15 through 64)	Dependency Katios Youth, 1970 (Persons less than Age 15 per 100 Pop. 15 through 64)
Bediord Benton Bledsoc Blount Bradley Campbell	35.2	7.3	11	45
Bledsoc Blount Bradley Campbell	27.4	11.7	4 <del>ا</del> ع	7.7
Blount Bradley Campbell Cannon	37.4	10.2	91	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
Bradley Campbell Cannon	32.2	9.3	2	4.1
Campbell Cannon	35.2	7.3	12	7.7
Cannon	34.4	•	20	27
Carroll	30°8		21 23	40
Carter	31.6	: ~:	15	41
Cheatham	36.4		15	51
Chester	30.0	•	22	41
Claiborne	32.9	11.8	\$	<b>77</b>
Clay	32.5	•	20	<b>43</b>
Cocke	35.5	დ ი თ ს		<b>2</b> 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Collect	33.0	•	<b>57</b>	27
Cumberland	36.3	11.0	19	51
Davidson	32.8		14	42
Decatur	29.7	14.3	23	41
DeKa 1b	30.8		21	75
Dickson	4	11.8	20	87.
Dyer	32.8	12.7	21	46



TABLE IV (continued)

(1)	Per Cent of Population Under 18	(3) Per Cent of Population Age 65 and Above,	(4) Dependency Ratius Aged, 1970 (Persons 65 and Over per 100 Pop.,	(5) Dependency Ratios Youth, 1970 (Persons less than Age 15 per 100 Pop.,
Countles	Age, 19/0	0/61	J LIII OUBII	Lincular
Favette	45.0	9.	18	69
Fentress	37.7	10.4		24
Franklin	34.1	0		40
Gibson	32.4	ن		77
Giles .	31.1	ب		7.7
Grainger	34.4	0		/ 7
Greene	32.5	6		74
Grundy	35.4	11.1	<b>20</b>	φ,
Hamblen	34.5	•	17	40
Hamilton	•	6	15	77
Hancock	34.2		æ.	97.
Hardeman	36.1	ب	23	76
Hardin	33.1	5	20	77
Hawkins	34.2	6	15	97
Haywood	40.5		21	09
Henderson	31.6	2	2.71	77
Henry	30.1	Š	25	74
Hickman	32.3	11.9	19	43
Houston	33.1	2	22	97
Humphreys	34.6		19	/ †
Jackson	30.7	•	23	<b>41</b>
Jefferson	31.9	6°3	15	7.7
Johnson	32.3	11.7	$\tilde{1}\tilde{9}$	77
Knox	31.1	<b>∞</b> .	15	40



TABLE IV (continued)

Lake 35. 11.6 20 55 51 14.6 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	(1) Counties	Per Cent of Population Under 18 Years of Age, 1970	(3) Per Cent of Population Age 65 and Above 1970	Dependency Ratios Aged, 1970 Persons 65 and Swer per 100 Pop.,	Dependency Ratios Youth, 1970 (Persons less than Age 15 per 100 Pop. 15 through 64)
date 35. 22  ce 35. 11.5  33.8 11.5  11.5  33.1  33.2  10.7  33.2  10.7  33.4  34.2  11.3  34.2  10.4  11.3  33.9  10.4  11.0  12.5  12.5  12.5  16.9  16.9					
date 35 12 19 33.1 11.5 19 33.1 11.5 19 33.1 11.5 11.5 33.2 10.7 17 33.4 12.2 20 33.4 12.2 21 34.8 9.2 11 34.8 9.2 11 35.0 11.9 11 36.1 10.0 17 30.7 14.6 23 32.7 12.5 28.5 15.4 25 34.1 9.6 16	Lake	), . ,	un, pire d Base T	20	55
35.1 11.5 19 33.8 11.5 18 33.1 11.5 18 33.1 10.6 17 33.2 10.7 17 30.1 14.4 20 36.9 9.2 15 34.2 10.4 17 34.2 10.4 17 35.0 11.9 19 36.1 10.0 17 36.1 10.0 23 36.1 10.0 23 36.1 12.5 22 36.1 12.5 25 36.1 10.7 16.6 25 36.1 10.0 17 38.5 15.4 20 36.1 10.0 16.0 23	i mderdale	35.	The same	22	51
33.8 ii.c 18 33.1 11.5 19 32.1 10.6 17 33.2 10.7 17 33.2 10.7 17 36.9 9.2 20 34.8 9.2 21 34.8 9.2 11 34.8 9.2 11 32.0 11.9 19 36.1 10.0 21 32.4 12.5 22 33.4 12.5 22 34.1 9.6 16 36.1 10.0 17 36.1 10.0 17 37.4 12.5 20 34.1 9.6 16	Fawrence	35. i	on the second se	19	67
n 33.1 11.5 32.1 10.6 32.1 10.6 33.2 10.7 17 30.1 14.4 24 30.1 14.4 24 12.2 20 33.4 12.2 20 34.2 10.4 17 34.8 9.2 11 34.2 10.4 17 10.4 17 32.0 11.9 19 32.7 12.5 21 32.4 12.5 20 34.1 9.6	Lewis	33.8	. i.	18	95
32.1 10.6 17 33.2 10.7 17 33.2 10.7 17 30.1 14.4 24 33.4 12.2 20 34.2 10.4 17 34.8 9.2 15 33.9 10.4 17 32.0 11.9 19 36.1 10.0 17 30.7 12.5 22 32.4 12.5 22 34.1 9.6 16 34.1 9.6 16 34.1 9.6 16 34.1 9.6 16	Lincoln		11.5	19	45
33.2 31.4 31.4 31.4 30.1 30.1 36.9 36.9 36.9 37.2	London	32.1	10.6	17	41
No. 31.4 13.0 21 30.1 14.4 24 33.4 12.2 20 36.9 9.2 15 11 34.2 10.4 17 34.8 9.2 17 33.9 10.4 17 33.9 10.4 17 32.0 11.9 19 30.7 14.6 23 32.7 12.5 21 34.1 9.6 16.7	McMinn	33.2	•	17	45
30.1 14.4 24 33.4 12.2 20 36.9 9.2 15 11 34.2 10.4 17 34.8 9.2 15 33.9 10.4 17 10.0 11 36.1 10.0 17 30.7 14.6 23 12.5 15.4 25 28.5 15.4 25 34.1 9.6 16	McNairy	31.4	•	21	43
33.4 12.2 20 36.9 9.2 15 34.2 10.4 17 34.8 9.2 17 33.9 10.4 17 32.0 11.9 19 36.1 10.0 23 10.5 23 10.5 22 10.5 23 10.5 23 10.6 23 10.7 12.5 23 10.8 28.5 15.4 25 10.9 16 10.0 17	Macon	•	•	24	07
36.9 9.2 15 31.1 13.2 21 34.2 10.4 17 33.9 10.4 17 33.5 6.9 11 36.1 10.0 17 32.7 12.5 21 34.1 9.6 16 36.7 10.7 16	Madison	•	•	20	97
11 31.1 13.2 21 34.2 10.4 17 34.8 9.2 15 33.9 10.4 17 32.0 11.9 19 36.1 10.0 17 30.7 14.6 23 12.5 21 32.4 12.5 20 34.1 9.6 16	Marion	•	•	15	50
34.2 34.8 34.8 33.9 10.4 17 17 18 32.0 11.9 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 16 16 16	Marshall	•	•	21	41
34.8 9.2 15 33.9 10.4 17 33.5 6.9 11 32.0 11.9 19 36.1 10.0 17 30.7 14.6 23 28.5 15.4 25 32.4 12.5 20 34.1 9.6 16	Maury	•	•	17	97
33.9 10.4 17 33.5 6.9 11 32.0 11.9 19 36.1 10.0 17 30.7 14.6 23 32.7 12.5 21 28.5 15.4 25 34.1 9.6 16 28.7 10.7 10.7	Meigs		•	15	97
33.5 6.9 11 32.0 11.9 19 36.1 10.0 17 30.7 14.6 23 12.5 21 28.5 15.4 25 32.4 12.5 20 34.1 9.6 16	Monroe		•	17	76
32.0 . 11.9 . 17 36.1 . 10.0 . 17 30.7 . 14.6 . 23 32.7 . 12.5 . 21 28.5 . 15.4 . 25 32.4 . 12.5 . 20 34.1 . 9.6 . 16	Montgomery			11	7.3
36.1 10.0 17 30.7 14.6 23 32.7 12.5 21 28.5 15.4 25 32.4 12.5 20 34.1 9.6 16	Moore		•	$\overline{19}$	7.5
30.7 14.6 23 32.7 12.5 21 28.5 15.4 25 32.4 12.5 20 34.1 9.6 16 28.7 10.7	Morgan	_	•	17	2.7
32.7 12.5 21 28.5 15.4 25 32.4 12.5 20 34.1 9.6 16 28.7 10.7	Obion	_	4.	23	73
28.5 15.4 22.4 12.5 34.1 9.6 16 10.7	Overton	_	2	21	77
it 32.4 12.5 20 34.1 9.6 16 n 28.7 10.7 16	Perry	_	5.	25	39
am 34.1 9.6 16 am 28.7 10.7 16	Pickett	-	2	20	43
28.7 10.7 16	Polk	34.1	•	16	45
	Putnam	28.7		16	36



TABLE IV (continued)

(l)	(2) Per Gent of Population Under 18 Years of Age, 1970	(3) Per Cent of Population Age 65 and Above, 1970	Dependency Ratios Aged, 1970 (Persons 65 and Over per 100 Pop., 15 through 64)	Dependency Ratios Youth, 1970 (Persons less than Age 15 per 100 Pop., 15 through 64)
Rhea Robertson Rutherford Scott Sequatchie Sevier Shelby Smith Stewart Sullivan Sumner Tipton Trousdale Unicoi Unicoi Warren Washington Washington	34.7.2.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3	10.5 10.5 10.2 10.0 13.8 10.0 10.3 10.3 10.5	17 112 123 124 125 127 127 138 139 140	44 44 44 44 44 43 43 43 43 43
Willamson Wilson	34.1	10.3	17	746



National Laboratory, Demographic Profiles of the United States, the East South Central population of the county. The data in Columns (4) and (5) were lifted from Oak Ridge IV Were taken from Bureau of Census, General Population Characteristics, Tennessee: Sources of Data and Explanations: The data in Columns (?) and (3) of Table 1970 Census of Population. The Per Cent Values shown in Columns (2) and (3) were calculated by dividing the population numbers of the respective age groups by the Civil Lefense Research Project, April, 1972.



## ECONOMIC INDICATORS

When measures of economic disadvantage are considered, employment and unemployment are among the first as shown in Table V. The extent of unemployment is measured by the percentage of those in the labor force (working or looking for work) who are not employed.

A second measure is the income level of those who are employed. Table VI gives income figures for 1959 and 1969, with reporting of families with incomes under \$3,000 and over \$10,000 and per capita incomes for 1969.

In a State in which much of the area is considered rural it is important to know some facts about farming and the conditions of the farm populations. Table VII offers indicators of conditions of the farm population.

A fourth indicator is the housing of the population.

Tables VIII and IX provide information on housing in 1970.

The counties having lower per capita incomes in 1969 were Hancock, Fentress, Fayette, Grundy, and Clay. The range extended from Hancock with \$1,045 per capita income to Clay with \$1,415 per capita income. The five counties with highest per capita incomes were Davidson, Hamilton, Anderson, Shelby, and Knox. Of these the largest per capita income of \$3,173 was in Davidson county and the lowest in Knox county which had \$2,750.

An indicator of economic growth is the percentage of the work force engaged in manufacturing. Those counties in 1970



30

engaged most heavily in manufacturing in the State were

Van Buren, Wayne, Bradley, White and Cocke. On the average
these counties had approximately 50 per cent or more of the
total work force engaged in manufacturing. Those counties
having a low percentage of the work force employed in manufacturing were Hardeman with 11.7 per cent; Hardin with 16.4
per cent; Shelby with 19.6 per cent; Perry with 19.8 per cent;
and Sevier with 20.4 per cent.

Another economic indicator is the status of agriculture as reflected in the value of farm products and the proportion of the labor force employed in farming. Where counties ranked low in per capita income they also ranked low on scales which measure farm production or farm living capability. Carter, Unicoi, Hancock, Jackson, and Union counties were the counties having the smallest value of farm products sold per farm in 1969. The range extended from \$1,707 in Carter county to \$2,273 in Union county. The counties having a large value of farm products sold per farm were Lake, Grundy, Obion, Dyer and Fayette. It is significant that most West Tennessee counties do not fall in the first quartile of counties of the State having the lowest farm operator level-of-living index.

Those counties in 1970 with the lowest percent of the total work force engaged in farming were Davidson, Hamilton, Shelby, Knox, and Anderson with 0.7, 1.0, 1.0, 1.2 and 1.3 percents respectively. The highest percent of the work force



engaged in farming belongs to Hancock, Haywood, Fayette,
Trousdale, and Jackson counties. The range for these counties runs from 20.7 to 18.7 per cent.

There were several counties in 1970 with high unemployment rates. In Greene, Lake, Campbell, Scott, Cocke, McNairy and Morgan counties the unemployment rate was in excess of 8 per cent. Greene showed an unemployment rate of 11.2 per cent. The counties of Humphreys, Williamson, Cheatham, Giles, Marshall, Wilson, Hamilton and Van Buren reflected an unemployment rate of less than 3 per cent. While the severity of unemployment scatters over the State, sections of Appalachia and West Tennessee tend to prevail with the highest unemployment rates.

Counties having the lowest percentage of sound housing in 1960\* were White, Fayette, Stewart, Lauderdale, and Lake. White suffered most with only 35.1 per cent sound housing. Lake county had 44.6 per cent sound housing. On the other extreme Shelby county had 81.4 per cent sound housing. Davidson, 79.6 per cent; Anderson, 79.3 per cent; Sullivan, 77.8 per cent; Knox 75.7 per cent; and Carter, 75.7 per cent. The Middle Tenressee and metropolitan counties are the counties which have most sound housing.



<sup>\*</sup>Figures for the per cent of sound housing did not appear in the 1970 Census.

TABLE V Employment

Anderson 22,805 1,216 5.3 8,068 35.4 287 1.3  Bedford 10,828 33.3 3.1 4,168 38.5 702 6.5  Benton 4,614 274 5.9 1,546 33.5 196 4.5  Bledsoe 2,344 96 4.1 8,291 34.4 454 11.9  Blount 24,119 999 4.1 8,291 34.4 454 11.9  Campbell 7,201 641 8.9 1,870 26.0 195 2.7  Cambon 3,407 157 4.6 1,359 39.9 326 9.6  Carter 15,715 1,038 6.6 6,166 39.2 294 1.9  Chester 5,884 417 7.1 1,381 36.1 269 7.0  Clay 2,363 167 7.1 1,381 36.1 269 16.1  Cocke 12,685 566 4.5 3.249 25.6 517 4.1  Crocreet 2,259 323 6.1 1,964 37.3 837 15.9  Becatur 3,930 199 5.1 1,789 45.5 52.6  Decatur 4,887 4,56 3.1 1,789 45.6  Decatur B,930 159 5.1 1,756 8.6  Decatur B,930 159 5.1 1,756 8.6  Decatur B,930 159 5.1 1,756 8.6  Decatur B,8693 2.63 3.0 3.188 36.7 45.7 5.8	(l) Counties	(2) Civi- lian Work Force,	(3) Number of Work Force Un- employed,	Per Cent of Work Force Un- employed,	(5) Number of Work Force Engaged in Manufactur- ing, 1970	(6) Per Cent of Work Force Engaged in Manufactur- ing, 1970	Number of Work Force Engaged in Farming,	(8) Per Cent of Work Force Engaged in Farming,
22,805     1,216     5.3     8,068     35.4     287       10,828     33.1     4,168     38.5     702     6.1       4,14     274     5.9     1,546     33.5     196     4.1       24,119     999     4.1     8,291     34.4     454     17.       21,674     657     3.0     10,194     47.0     593     17.       21,674     657     3.0     10,194     47.0     593     17.       10,947     4,46     1,370     26.0     195     2.       10,947     4,46     1,370     26.0     195     2.       15,715     1,038     6.6     6,166     39.9     32.6       15,715     1,938     6.6     6,166     39.2     294     11.       4,986     118     2.4     1,542     30.9     34.3     6.28       15,715     1,938     6.6     6,166     39.2     294     11.       4,986     118     2.4     1,372     33.3     36.9     34.3       16,717     7.1     1,372     32.3     667     4.       12,685     566     4.5     3,249     25.6     5.       189,793     6.361 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>								
10,828 333 3.1 4,168 38.5 702 6. 2,344 96 4.1 8,291 34.4 2948 17. 21,674 657 3.0 10,194 47.0 593 17. 21,674 657 3.0 10,194 47.0 593 17. 21,674 657 3.0 10,194 47.0 593 17. 21,674 657 3.0 10,194 47.0 593 17. 21,674 657 3.0 10,194 47.0 593 17. 21,674 434 4.0 4,867 44.5 628 5. 21,884 417 7.1 1,372 23.3 667 11. 2,884 417 7.1 1,372 23.3 667 11. 2,584 417 7.1 1,372 23.3 667 11. 2,585 566 4.5 3,249 25.6 517 44.5 5.25 323 6.1 11. 2,585 566 4.5 3,249 25.6 517 44.5 6.1 1,964 37.3 83.0 15. 189,793 6,361 3.4 38,806 20.4 1,415 5.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1	Anderson	2,8(	,21	•	,06	ζ.	w	•
4,614       274       5.9       1,546       33.5       196       4.         2,344       96       4.1       807       34.4       298       17.         24,119       999       4.1       8,291       34.4       454       17.         21,674       657       3.0       10,944       47.0       593       2.         3,407       157       4.6       1,359       39.9       326       2.         10,947       434       4.0       4,867       44.5       628       2.         10,947       434       4.0       4,867       44.5       628       2.         15,715       1,938       6.6       6,166       39.2       294       1.         4,986       118       2.4       1,542       30.9       34.3       6.28         15,715       1,43       3.1       1,381       36.1       26.9       5.         4,986       118       2.2       1,372       23.3       66.7       1,31       45.8         5,884       417       7.1       1,381       36.1       66.7       1,41       7.         12,685       566       4.5       3.249       25.6<	Bedtord	3,87		•	, 16	$\infty$	$\mathbf{\mathcal{L}}$	•
2,344 96 4.1 807 34.4 298 12. 24,119 999 4.1 8,291 34.4 454 11. 21,674 657 3.0 10,194 47.0 593 2. 3,407 157 4.6 1,359 39.9 326 9. 10,947 434 4.0 4,867 44.5 628 5.17 4,986 1189,793 6,361 2.64 1,372 23.3 667 11. 2,363 167 7.1 1,372 23.3 667 11. 2,363 167 7.1 1,372 23.3 667 11. 2,256 556 4.5 3,249 25.6 537 4.15 1,964 37.3 837 15. 189,793 6,361 3.4 38,806 20.4 1,415 5.3 3.93 11.0 3.1 1,756 36.4 5.5 3.49 45.5 5.10 4.15 5.25 3.93 11.0 3.1 1,756 36.4 5.5 5.10 1.0 3.1 1,756 36.4 5.5 5.10 1.0 3.1 1,756 36.4 5.5 5.10 1.0 3.1 1,756 36.4 5.5 5.10 1.0 3.1 1,756 36.4 5.5 5.10 1.0 3.1 1,756 36.4 5.5 5.10 1.0 3.1 1,756 36.4 600 12.	Benton	<b>.</b>	-	•	.54	~	· •	, ,
24,119 999 4.1 8,291 34.4 454 1.  21,674 657 3.0 10,194 47.0 593 2.  7,201 641 8.9 1,870 26.0 195 2.  3,407 157 4.6 1,359 39.9 326 9.  10,947 434 4.0 4,867 44.5 628 5.  15,715 1,938 6.6 6,166 39.2 294 1.  3,827 143 3.7 1,381 36.1 269 7.  2,363 167 7.1 1,372 23.3 667 11.  2,363 167 7.1 1,964 37.3 8837 15.  12,685 566 4.5 3,249 25.6 517 4.  1,964 37.3 830 4.15 15.  1,964 37.3 837 15.  1,964 37.3 837 15.  1,964 37.3 837 15.  1,964 37.3 837 15.  1,964 37.3 837 15.  2,4823 1;0 3.1 1,756 80.0 12.  8,693 263 3.0 3,188 36.7 457 5.	Bledsoe	2,34	ال	•	80		J	•
21,674 657 3.0 10,194 47.0 593 2.7,201 641 8.9 1,870 26.0 195 2.3,407 157 4.6 1.359 39.9 326 9.9 326 10,947 47.0 157 4.6 1.359 39.9 326 9.9 326 10,947 434 4.0 4,867 44.5 628 5.884 417 7.1 1,381 36.1 269 7.884 417 7.1 1,372 23.3 667 112,685 566 4.5 32.9 25.6 517 4.7 5.259 323 66.1 1,964 37.3 837 15. 5,259 467 6.7 2,212 31.5 320 4.5 5.259 150 837 15. 838 150 199 5.1 1,789 45.5 56.8 600 12. 8,693 2.63 3.0 3.188 36.7 457 5.	Blount	4,11	Š	•	.29	, ,	· U·	•
7,201 641 8.9 1,870 26.0 195 2.3 32,407 157 4.6 1.359 39.9 39.9 326 99.9 326 10,947 434 4.0 4,867 44.5 628 5.5 628 15,715 1,938 6.6 6,166 39.2 294 1.542 30.9 34.3 66.7 1.542 30.9 34.3 66.7 1.381 36.1 26.9 7.   2,363 167 7.1 1,372 23.3 66.7 11.   2,363 167 7.1 1,372 23.3 66.7 11.   2,259 323 6.1 1,964 37.3 883   12,685 566 4.5 3,249 25.6 517 4.   189,793 6,361 3.4 38,806 20.4 1,415   3,930 199 5.1 1,789 45.5 56.4 600 12.   4,823 1150 3.1 1,756 36.7 45.7 5.	Bradley	1,67	S	•	,19		, J	•
3,407 157 4.6 1.359 39.9 326 9.8 10,947 434 4.0 4,867 44.5 628 5.8 10,947 4.0 4,867 44.5 628 5.8 1.9 1.9 1.3 1.2 294 1.5 1,038 6.6 6.166 39.2 294 1.5 1.3 1.2 30.9 34.3 6.7 1.3 1.2 2.3 36.1 2.6 9.02 7.6 8.6 4.132 4.132 4.5 8 59.3 6.1 1.9 64 37.3 83.7 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.9 64 37.3 83.7 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.9 1.9 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7	Campbel1	,20	7	•	,87	Q	יטי	• •
10,947 434 4.0 4,867 44.5 628 5.1 15,715 1,038 6.6 6,166 39.2 294 1.542 30.9 34.3 4.3 6.1 6.6 6,166 39.2 294 1.542 30.9 34.3 6.1 1.381 36.1 26.9 7.1 2.54 1.372 23.3 66.7 7.1 1,372 23.3 66.7 7.1 1,372 23.3 66.7 11.5 68.5 56.6 4.5 3.249 25.6 51.7 6.1 1,964 37.3 83.7 15.	Cannon	3,40	S	•	.35	6		•
15,715 1,938 6.6 6,166 39.2 294 1.542 30.9 343 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 343 6.9 343 6.1 2.4 1,542 30.9 343 6.7 7.1 1,381 36.1 269 7.7 1,381 31.2 380 16.7 7.1 7.1 737 31.2 380 16.1 12,685 566 4.5 3,249 25.6 517 4.5 5,259 323 6.1 1,964 37.3 837 15. 6.7 2,212 31.5 320 4.5 5.3 3.9 6.361 3.4 38,806 20.4 1,415 5.2 6.3 1.5 5.1 1,789 45.5 226 5.2 6.9 3.1 1,789 45.5 226 5.2 6.9 3.1 1,756 36.4 600 12. 5.2 6.9 3.1 1,756 36.7 45.7 5.2 6.9	Carroll	0,94	ന	•	,86	+		•
4,986       118       2.4       1,542       30.9       343       6.7         3,827       143       3.7       1,381       36.1       269       7.1         5,884       417       7.1       1,372       23.3       667       11.         2,363       167       7.1       737       31.2       380       16.         9,022       776       8.6       4,132       45.8       593       6.         12,685       566       4.5       3,249       25.6       517       4.         5,259       323       6.1       1,964       37.3       837       15.         189,793       6,361       3.4       38,806       20.4       1,415       5.         3,930       199       5.1       1,789       45.5       5.         4,823       1,50       3.1       1,756       600       12.         8,693       263       3.1       1,756       36.7       457       5.	Carter	5,71	ന	•	, 16	9	J	•
r 3,827 143 3.7 1,381 36.1 269 7.  rne 5,884 417 7.1 1,372 23.3 667 11.  2,363 167 7.1 737 31.2 380 16.  9,022 776 8.6 4,132 45.8 593 6.  12,685 566 4.5 3,249 25.6 517 4.  12,685 6.1 1,964 37.3 837 15.  land 7,022 467 6.7 2,212 31.5 320 4.  on 189,793 6,361 3.4 38,806 20.4 1,415  c 3,930 199 5.1 1,756 36.4 600 12.  8,693 2.63 3.0 3,188 36.7 457 5.	Cheatham	<b>.</b>	~	•	,54	Ċ	ΝΤ	•
rne 5,884 417 7.1 1,372 23.3 667 11. 2,363 167 7.1 737 31.2 380 16. 9,022 776 8.6 4,132 45.8 593 6. 12,685 566 4.5 3,249 25.6 517 4. 12,685 566 4.5 3,249 25.6 517 4. 12,685 566 6.1 1,964 37.3 837 15. land 7,022 467 6.7 2,212 31.5 320 4. 2,212 31.5 320 4. 2,313 6,361 3.4 38,806 20.4 1,415 5. 4,823 150 3.1 1,756 36.4 600 12. 8,693 2.63 3.0 3,188 36.7 457 5.	Chester	,82	< 7	•	38	Ġ.	ND.	•
2,363 167 7.1 737 31.2 380 16. 6.9 9,022 776 8.6 4,132 45.8 593 6.9 16. 9,022 776 8.6 4.132 45.8 593 6.1 12,685 566 4.5 3.249 25.6 517 4.5 1,964 37.3 837 15. 15. 1,964 37.3 837 15. 15. 189,793 6,361 3.4 38,806 20.4 1,415 5. 3,930 199 5.1 1,789 45.5 226 5. 4,823 150 3.1 1,756 36.4 600 12. 8,693 2.63 3.0 3,188 36.7 457 5.	E	88,	_	•	,37	~	ഹ	•
9,022 776 8.6 4,132 45.8 593 6. 12,685 566 4.5 3,249 25.6 517 4.5 12,685 323 6.1 1,964 37.3 837 15. land 7,022 467 6.7 2,212 31.5 320 4.  on 189,793 6,361 3.4 38,806 20.4 1,415  c 3,930 199 5.1 1,789 45.5 226 5. 4,823 150 3.1 1,756 36.4 600 12. 8,693 263 3.0 3,188 36.7 457 5.	Clay	, 36	9	•	73		•	•
12,685 566 4.5 3,249 25.6 517 4.5 land 7,022 467 6.1 1,964 37.3 837 15.    land 7,022 467 6.7 2,212 31.5 320 4.5    on 189,793 6,361 3.4 38,806 20.4 1,415    c 3,930 199 5.1 1,789 45.5 226 5.    d,823 150 3.1 1,756 36.4 600 12.    8,693 263 3.0 3,188 36.7 457 5.	Cocke	9,02	$\sim$		,13		o	•
5,259       323       6.1       1,964       37.3       837       15.         7,022       467       6.7       2,212       31.5       320       4.         189,793       6,361       3.4       38,806       20.4       1,415       2.         3,930       199       5.1       1,789       45.5       5.         4,823       150       3.1       1,756       36.4       600       12.         8,693       263       3.0       3,188       36.7       457       5.	Coffee	2,68	മ		,24		_	•
7,022       467       6.7       2,212       31.5       320       4.415         189,793       6,361       3.4       38,806       20.4       1,415       226       5.1       1,789       45.5       226       5.4         4,823       150       3.1       1,756       36.4       600       12.         8,693       263       3.0       3,188       36.7       457       5.	Crockett	,25	$\sim$		<u>,</u> 96		~	•
n 189,793 6,361 3.4 38,806 20.4 1,415 3,930 199 5.1 1,789 45.5 226 5.4 4,823 150 3.1 1,756 36.4 600 12. 8,693 2.63 3.0 3,188 36.7 45.7 5.	Cumberland	7,02	9	•	$\tilde{21}$	•	$\sim$	
3,930 199 5.1 1,789 45.5 226 5. 4,823 150 3.1 1,756 36.4 600 12. 8,693 263 3.0 3,188 36.7 457 5.		89,79	,36	•	.80		_	
eKalb 4,823 150 3.1 1,756 36.4 600 12. ickson 8,693 263 3.0 3,188 36.7 457 5.	Decatur	.93	a		<u>,</u> 78		1 <b>^</b>	•
ickson 8,693 263 3.0 3,188 36.7 457 5.	DeKalb	,82	•		,75	•		• •
	icks	69	S	•	,18		$\neg$	•

TABLE V (continued)

(1) Counties	(2) Civi- lian Work Force,	(3) Number of Work Force Un- employed,	(4) Per Cent of Work Force Un- employed,	Number of Work Force Engaged in Manufactur- ing, 1970	(6) Per Cent of Work Force Engaged in Manufactur- ing, 1970	Number of Work Force Engaged in Farming,	(8) Per Cent of Work Force Engaged in Farming, 1970
Dyer Fayette Fentress Franklin Gibsor Giles Grainger Greene Grundy Hamblen Harden Hardeman Hardeman Hardeman Hardeman Hardeman Hardeman Hardeman Houston Houston Houston Houston Houston Jackson Jefferson Jefferson	00400004000400000000000000000000000000	489 510 2510 2547 262 230 262 3,084 421 421 356 371 105 1105 1105 1101 1101	8700401184000040400000000000000000000000	22, 4,50 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,132 1,7400 1,132	33.0 33.0	1,184 1,344 1,529 1,670 1,003 1,003 1,278 1,278 617 617 617 617 617 617 617	19.3 12.8 12.8 12.9 10.9 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10
Knox	82	3,800	•	7	•	1,303	7.1



TABLE V (continued)

	(2) Civi- lian	(3) Number of Work	(4) Per Cent of Work	(5) Number of Work Force	ent	(7) Number of Work Force	ent For
Counties	Work Force, 1970	Force Un- employed, 1970	Force Un- employed, 1970	Engaged in Manufactur- ing, 1970	Engaged in Manufactur- ing, 1970	Engaged in Farming, 1970	Engaged in Farming 1970
Lake	82	257	1 4	906	1 (	_	14.6
Lauderdale	6,550	424	6.5		30.1	096	14.7
Lawrence	,23	492	•	667,7	•	2	4.2
Lewis	9,	116	•	•	•	ന	5.
Lincoln	<b>,</b> 98	809	•	•	•	9	•
London	9,84	390	•	•	•	ر ا	•
McMinn	, 03	482	•	•	•	ا س	•
McNairy	,75	563	•	•	•	S	•
Macon	5,20	259	•	•		<b>J</b> 1	•
Madison	43	1,115	•	•	•	—	•
Marion	, 93	343	•	•	•	$\sim$	•
Marshall	7,43	209	•	•	•	S	•
Maury	,57	763	•	•	•	ന	•
Meigs	,97	74	•		•	$\infty$	•
Monroe	,79	630	•	•		9	•
Montgomery	,42	1,013	•	4,240	•	9	•
Moore	99,	20	•	0 <b>69</b>	•	$\sim$	•
Morgan	96,	328	•	•		$\sim$	•
Obion	444	459	•	•		$\sim$	•
Overton	,42	304	•	2,265		$\sim$	•
Perrv	,08	147	•	•	•	$\overline{}$	•
Pickétt	,29	78	•	•		$\sim$	•
Polk	,24	128	•	•		5	•
Putnam	,43	632	•	3,934		σ	
			,	•			



TABLE V (continued)

Counties	Civi- lian Work Force,	(3) Number of Work Force Un- employed,	(4) Per Cent of Work Force Un- employed,	(5) Number of Work Force Engaged in Manufactur- ing, 1970	(6) Per Cent of Work Force Engaged in Manufactur- ing, 1970	(7) Number of Work Force Engaged in Farming,	(8) Per Cent of Work Force Engaged in Farming,
Roane Robertson Rutherford Scott Sequatchie Sevier Shelby Smith Stewart Sullivan Sumner Tipton Trousdale Unicoi Unicoi Warren Washington Washington Wayne Wayne	15,493 11,057 23,112 4,394 2,493 11,277 2,481 2,387 2,387 2,387 2,387 1,562 11,562 11,562 11,573 6,456	864 390 13,050 13,050 1,050 1,060 1,060 1,346 1,348 1,350 302	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	2,131 2,222 1,3222 1,314 2,976 2,129 2,129 1,221 1,221 4,318 3,639 3,365	26.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27	214 1,079 1,079 1,079 2,815 1,023 1,047 1,047 1,084 1,198 1,198	11.2.2.2.2.1.0.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2



(7), and (8) in Table V came from Bureau of the Census, General Social and Economic Char-Sources of Data and Explanations: The data in Columns (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), acteristics, Tennessee: 1970 Census of Population.



TABLE VI Income

rties under \$3,000, under \$196    rson 27.5    ord 40.3    on 40.3    soe 27.5    ley 35.3    bell 56.6    on 56.0    on 56.0    on 56.0    on 56.0    tham 42.8    ter 70.0    borne 70.0    23.0    ce 58.4    ce 60.7    ce 60.7    ce 70.0    dison 62.7    tur 64.5    ce 72.27    ce 74.5    ce 75.6    ce 76.7    ce 77.7    ce 76.7    ce 77.7    ce 77.	(2) Per Cent of	(3) Cent	- τ	(5) r Cent	(6) er
son 27.5 rd 40.3 rd 48.9 n 73.7 ce 27.5 ey 35.3 ell 56.6 n 56.0 11 56.0 12 28.7 r 35.0 r 42.8 er 70.0 orne 70.0 58.4 58.4 58.4 58.4 cer 70.0 58.4 cer 70.0 cer 70.0	nder \$3,000, 1959	er 1	10110	ramilles over \$10,000 1969	capita Income 1969
rd 40.3  n 48.9  n 73.7  ce 27.5  ey 35.3  ell 56.6  11 56.0  11 56.0  11 56.0  11 56.0  11 56.0  12 26.1  er 70.0  58.4  58.4  58.4  58.4  ce 36.3  ett 60.7  corne 60.7  cor	27.5	<u>س</u>	10.4	6	1
n 48.9 oe 73.7 t t t 27.5 ey 35.3 ell 56.6 n 56.0 11 56.4 11 56.4 19.19. r 42.8 er 70.0 70.0 38.2 er 70.0 38.3 ett 60.7 cland 61.8 son 26.4 son 62.7 son 62.7	40.3	9	•	ς ω	77
ce 73.7  t	6.85	6	2.4	23.9	2,226
ey 35.3 14.  ey 35.3	73.7	$\infty$	•	ထ	7.
ey 35.3 ell 56.6 n 56.0 11 56.4 11 56.4 19.1 r 42.8 er 70.0 orne 70.0 58.4 ett 60.7 rland 61.8 son 26.4 or 62.7 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0	27.5	4	•	2	52
ell 56.6 33.  11 56.0 26.1  11 56.4 19.2  18 42.8 14.  er 70.0 35.0  70.0 35.0  58.4 25.2  ett 60.7 23.  rland 61.8 24.  son 26.4 9.  ir 62.7 22.  58.5 55.0 30.0  58.6 50.0 57.0 57.0 57.0 57.0 57.0 57.0 57.0	35,3	2	•	ω.	<b>.</b> 41
n 56.0 r 35.0 ham 42.8 er 70.0 orne 70.0 58.4 58.4 58.4 58.4 58.4 56.4 56.7 ctt 60.7 cttt 60.7 cttt 60.7 cttt 60.7 cttt 60.7 cttt 60.7 cttt 60.7 cttt 60.7 cttt 60.7 cttt 60.7 cttt 60.7 60.7 ctttt 60.7 cttttt 60.7 ctttt 60.7 ctttt 60.7 ctttt 60.7 ctttt 60.7 ctt	9.95	<del>ر</del>	•		52
11 56.4  r 35.0  r 42.8  er 59.3  orne 70.0  70.0  58.4  58.4  58.4  58.4  58.4  58.4  56.3  ett 60.7  cland 61.8  son 26.4  orne 62.7  22.  22.  23.	•	ė	•	7	<u>,</u> 90
r 35.0 ham 42.8 er 59.3 oyne 70.0 35.0 58.4 58.4 58.4 58.4 58.4 58.4 55.3 ett 60.7 rland 61.8 son 26.4 or 62.7 or 64.5	•	6	•	5	. 28
ham 42.8 er 59.3 er 70.0 35.0 58.4 58.4 58.4 58.4 58.4 58.4 58.4 55.3 ett 60.7 cland 61.8 son 26.4 or 62.7 or 62.7 or 64.5 or 64.5 or 64.5	•	φ	•	0	.05
er 59.3 27.  orne 70.0 35.  58.4 525.  sett 60.7 23.  rland 61.8 24.  son 26.4 9.  ur 62.7 22.  54.5 22.		4	•	0	30
orne 70.0 35. 70.0 38. 58.4 25. 36.3 15. ett 60.7 23. rland 61.8 24. son 26.4 9. ar 62.7 22. 5 64.5 15.	•		•	΄ ∞	87
70.0 58.4 58.4 36.3 ett 60.7 rland 61.8 son 26.4 or 15. 5 0 64.5 or 64.5	•	5	•		53
58.4 25. 36.3 15. ett 60.7 23. rland 61.8 24. son 26.4 9. ar 62.7 22. 5 64.5 22.	_	œ	•	· &	, 41
ee 36.3 15. kett 60.7 23. erland 61.8 24. dson 26.4 9. tur 62.7 22. 1b 64.5 22. son 46.2 15.	-		•	8	79
kett 60.7 23. erland 61.8 24. dson 26.4 9. tur 62.7 22. 1b 64.5 22.		5		7	49
erland 61.8 24. dson 26.4 9. tur 62.7 22. 1b 64.5 22. son 46.2 15.	` •	~	•	6	,96
dson 26.4 9.  tur 62.7 22.  1b 64.5 22.  son 46.2 15.	•	.+	•	/	74,
tur 62.7 22. 1b 64.5 22. son 46.2 15.	•	<u>.</u>	•	9	, 17
1b 64.5 22. son 46.2 15.	62.7	2		1	10
son <u>46.2</u> 15.	64.5	2	•	9	,99
	46.2	5.			,23
2.1 21.	52.1	1	•	3	,23



TABLE VI (continued)

(1)	Per Cent of	(3) Per Cent of	1 ~	(5) Sent	(6) Per
Counties	nousenolus under \$3,000, 1959	ramilles under \$3,000, 1969	over \$10,000,	ramilles over \$10,000, 1969	Income 1969
Favette	75.5	'	•	•	.29
Fentress	67.7	38,3	1.6	5	1,264
Franklin	44.3	φ·	•	•	, 10
Gibson	0.45	6	•	9	2,0
Giles	54.7	0	•	$\infty$	8
Grainger	59.7	7.	•	5	,64
Greene	48.1	0	•	0	76,
Grundy	63.3	9	•	6	, 32
Hamblen	36.0	3.	•	•	,32
Hamilton	25.6	2	•	0	,86
Hancock	76.3	3	•	5.	,04
Hardeman	66.1	9	•	0	,65
Hardin	60.1	œ	•	•	,91
Hawkins	51.3	2	•	6	,92
Haywood	9.89	5.	•	9	, 56
Henderson	60.3	5.	•	œ	.89
Henry	48.3	2	•	2	, 18
Hickman	51.7	5.	•	4.	,78
Houston	57.3	2	•	φ·	.98
Humphreys	_	1.	•	t.	,47
Jackson		φ·	•	<b>∞</b>	77,
Jefferson	45.3	φ·	•	0	66;
Johnson	•	0	<del>.</del>	11.0	, <u>61</u>
Knox	· C*/7	13.4	•	•	, / 5



TABLE VI (continued)

(1) Counties	(2) Per Cent of Households under \$3,000, 1959	(3) Per Cent of Families under \$3,000,	Per Cent of Households over \$10,000 1959	Per Cent of Families over \$10,000,	(6) Per Capita Income 1969
Lake Lauderdale Lawrence Lewis Lincoln Loudon McMinn McMinn Mation Mation Marion Marion Marion Marion Maury Meigs Monroe Monroe Monroe More More More More More More More M	66.8 68.1 53.1 64.2 64.7 66.7 66.7 69.2 88.9 60.0 60.0 67.5 53.3 53.3	26.8 19.8 16.8 16.8 30.5 17.2 17.2 19.1 19.1 18.6	485450004458000-0440448 68666666666666	18.9 17.5 21.1 25.0 23.7 31.4 20.5 17.8 17.8 17.9 8.9 21.9	1,781 1,555 1,866 2,093 2,093 2,195 1,755 1,825 1,825 1,825 1,976 1,573 1,441 2,061



TABLE VI (continued)

### A conties ### A conties ### A conties ### A conties ### A cont ### A cont ### A conties ### A co	under \$3,000, 1969 22.7 17.3 20.7 14.4 34.5 21.3 19.0	over \$10,000, 1959 3.2 6.2 6.3 2.7 3.3	over \$10,000 1969 19.1 29.5 25.1 32.2 13.0	1969 1969 1,857
son ford chie an	• • • • • •			1,857
son ford chie an	· • • • • • •	· • • • • •	· • • • •	2.50.0
son ford chie an				( ( ) ) )
ford chie an ale				2,127
chie . an ale				2,380
chie an ale				1,481
an ale	• •	•	٠	1,792
an ale	•	١		2,156
an ale		•	•	2,762
an ale	•	•		2,126
ale	•	•		1,727
ale	•			2,705
ale	•	2		2,626
ale	•	•	•	1,685
	•	•		1,884
	•		•	2,079
		•		1,548
	•			1,785
			•	2,156
ngton		•		7,448
				1,704
λe				2,149
				1,922
4 uosu		7		2,709
Wilson 26.4		•		2,465



Sources of Data and Explanations: The data in Columns (?) and (4) of Table 1970. The data in Columns (3), (5), and (6) were lifted from Bureau of the Census, General Social and Economic Characteristics, Tennessee: 1970 Census of Population. VI came from State Planning Commission, Income and Employment in Tennessee, April, families for the respective income categories and dividing by the total families The Per Cent Values in Columns (3) and (5) were obtained by adding the number of within the county.



TABLE VII

Farm Characteristics

(1)	(2) Number	(3) Per Cent of	(4) Average	(5) of	(6) arm Ope	r Er
,	Farms,	rorce ged in	12.e o Farms	S Fig	tor Level- of-Living	Leve] iving
Courties	1969	Farming, 1970*	1969	69	1950	15
Anderson	674	1,3	84.7	č	30	00
Bedford	1,545	6.5	50.	5,944	87	110
Benton	899	4.2	δ.	, 28	22	) <del>-</del>
Bledsoe	552	12.7	9 1	7	27	180
Blount	1,573	1.9	6	,7	77	_
Bradley	742	2.7	6	.22	73	901
Campbel1	586	2.7	0	9	24	7
Cannon	942	9.6		, w	31	77
Carroll	1,973	5.7	6	72	32	. α . σ
Carter	1,386	1.9	45.0	,70	23	600
Cheatham	727	6.9	ς.	72	30	66
Chester		•	_	,62	35	76
Claiborne	2,244	11.3	68.	,68	20	83
Clay	876		ς.	,0	18	89
Cocke	1,592	•	ċ	<b>6</b>	25	80
Corree	1,208	<b>.</b>	41.	,60	33	66
Crockett	1,216	15.9	39.	13	34	105
Cumberland	246	•	17.	45	19	77
Davidson	1,134		16.	40	09	118
Decatur	642	5	79.	45	30	85
DeKal <b>b</b>	1,218	12.4	.90	87	25	92
Dickson	1,250			91	33	105
Dyer	1,287	9.3	07.	0,	36	118

\*See Column 8, Table V, Page 33 for explaration of calculating these values.



TABLE VII (continued)

(1)	(2) Number of	(3) Per Cent of Work Force	(4) Average Size of	(5) Value of Farm Products Sold	arıı	(7) rm Ope r Leve
Counties	Farms, 1969	Engaged in Farming, 1970	Farms 1969	Per Farm 1969	of-Living 1950	of-Living 1964
Favette	1,442		55.	7,	16	75
Fent ress	691	12.8	121.6	9,641	14	78
Franklin	1,380		24.	,04	38	101
Gibson	2,750	•	26.	\$2\$	<b>7</b> 3	
Giles	2,022	8.9	46.	<b>,</b> 03	37	/6;
Grainger	1,683	12.9	9	69,	22	70
Greene	4,831	_•	9	89,	34	<b>5</b> 6
Grundy	411	6°8	6	747	21	\$6
Hamblen	1,209	3.8	9	,11	<b>4</b> 3	96 9
Hamilton	619	1.0	دس	,75	41	110
Hancock	1,263	20.7	82.	$\frac{2}{2}$	9 <u>1</u>	75
Hardeman	1,161	7.8	<b>.</b>	, 85	20	<del></del>
Hardin	1,081	6.9	56.	, 74	21	78
Hawkins	2,719	•	79.	,65	<b>5</b> 8	2; S
Haywood	1,349	•	84.	,61	<b>57</b>	80
Henderson	1,495	<b>&amp;</b>	2	, 12	3.	/6:
Henry	1,501	•	61.	, 65	07	104
Hickman	878	•	91.	, 27	32	76
Houston	305	•	70.	, 95	25	<b>8</b>
Humphreys	669	4.2	02.	,36	27	95
Jackson	1,274	18.7	14.	,23	25	77
Jefferson	1,691	7.7	•	,72	37	102
Johnson	1,381	10.5	2	, 56	0Z	<b>5/</b>
Knox	1,755	1.2	2.	,04	45	116
					•	



TABLE VII (continued)

	(2) Number	(3) Per Cent of	(4) Average	ä	(6) Farm Opera-	(7) Farm Opera-
Counties	Farms, 1969	Engaged in Farming, 1970	Size of Farms 1969	Products Sold Per Farm 1969	tor Level- of-Living 1950	tor Level- of-Living 1964
Lake	180	14.6	79	~	3,	
Lauderdale	1,253	14.7	183.1	)2, Jac 8, 536	40 0 c c	75 55 55
Lawrence	2,032	4.2	2	ŽŞ	77 76	ς ς (2)
Lewis	275	5.3	96	, c	0 to	72
Lincoln	2,185	11.7	73	ĺχ	(7	000
Loudon	1,064	4.0	70	ý –	<b>4</b> 6	26
McMinn	1,448	4.5	5	<b>_</b> ```	700	501
McNairy	1,478	6.7	7	ع د		103
Macon	1,641		·α	40	20	သ လ
Madison	1,696	7.7	֡֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	4 6	76	× × ×
Marion	394		· ~		24	103
Marshall	1.319	•	י י	3 5	75	56, 1,
Maury	2,286	, r		5 6	~ ~ ~	107
Meigs	-	7.0	•	50	47	011
Monroe	1.553	•		0 6	/7	86
Montgomery	1,483	•	י האי	٠ ر	<b>67</b>	100
Moore	549	14.2	,,	70	44	100
Morgan	375	•	•	0 2	000	66
Objon	1 756	•	•		<b>x</b>	9]
Overton	1,900	1°C	, o	3	<b>%</b> 7	134
Dorr:	1,204	ر. د ر	٠.	03	16	70
4	760	) · Č	73.	89	25	\$2
rickerr n-11	613	7.6	•	90	12	76
roik	341	3.7	146.7	29	26	100
rutnam	1,610	3.7	92 7	ά		) (



TABLE VII (continued)

(1)	(2) Number	(3) Per Cent of Work Force	(4) Average Size of	(5) Value of Farm Products Sold	(6) Farm Operator Lor Level-	(7) B (2) Le
Counties	Farms, 1969	~ C •i	Farms 1969	Per Farm 1969	f-Livin 1950	-Livin 1964
Rhea	454	4.5	44.	्	26	06
Reane	769	•	22.	,07		2
Robertson	2,113	15.8	136.6	9,575		110
Rutherford	•	•	44.	,20		<b>D</b>
Scott	401	•	74.	99,		93
Sequatchie	187	5.7	14.	,76		<b>5</b> 6
Sevier	1,943	•	75.	,61		<b>~</b> ;
Shelby	•	ļ.	0	,72		106
Smith	1,605	•	15.	, 48		بر م
Stewart	•	•	44.	, 59		$\infty$
Sullivan	2,205	•	6	, 91 _		103
Sumner	•	5.	99.	, 17		$\supset$
Tipton	•	11.9	0	\$59		ى ر
Trousdale	584	•	$\frac{26}{1}$	, 83		102
Unicoi	612	5	٠ د	,81		/ r
Union	881	•	69	7.6		2,3
Van Buren		•	٠ ش	9,		94
Warren	1,475	•	27.	, 06 0.		) لا
Washington		•	53.	, 32		102
Wayne	850	•	90	95		9
Weakley	^	•	23.	,67		110
White	•	•	19.	,41		ه رح
Williamson	1,810	8.7	_	98		101
Wilson	•	•	36.	,42		こ



Social and Economic Characteristics, Tennessee: 1970 Census of Population. The data Research Service, Statistical Bulletin No. 406, Farm Operator Level of Living Indexes Data, January, 1972. The data in Column (3) came from Bureau of the Census, General Sources of Data and Explanations: The data in Columns (2), (4), and (5) of Table VII were taken from Bureau of the Census, 1969 Census of Agriculture - County in Columns (6) and (7) were taken from U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic for Counties of the United States, 1950, 1959, and 1964.



TABLE VIII

Housing Occupancy

(1)	(2) Number	(3) Number of	(4) Population Por	(5) Occupied Units with	(6) Per Cent Occupied Units
Counties	Houses, 1970	Units, 1970	Household, 1970	8 or More Persons, 1970	with 8 or More Persons, 1970
	157 06	=		3.30	1.7
Anderson	8,820	8.214	3.03	115	1.4
Renton	7:9.7	0		36	<b>5</b> .
Rledene	2,357	16		09	2.8
Blount	21,835	,34	•	190	<b>.</b>
Bradlev	16,446	,57	•	152	) : - :
Campbell	8,916	8	•	296	•
Cannon	3,075	83	•	98	•
Carroll	9,401	99	•	135	•
Carter	14,500	32	•	224	•
Cheatham	4,223	93	•	<del>-</del> ×	٠
Chester	3,243	03	•	99.	•
Claiborne	6,484	<b>.</b> T	•	138	<b>5.</b> 7
Clay	2,383		•	37	•
Cocke	8,159	9	•	200	•
Coffee	11,104	16	•	188	•
Crockett	5,028	79	•	1.59	•
Cumberland	991,9	5	•	176	•
Davidson	147,264	40	•	1,907	•
Decatur	3,804	,20	•	<b>7</b>	•
DeKalb	4,374	75	•	49	•
Dickson	7,563	$\boldsymbol{c}$	•	<b>ó</b> \$. [	•
Dver	10,680	,05	•	2	2.3
	•				



TABLE VIII (continued)

Count ies	Number	Number of	(4) Population	(5) Occupied	(6) Per Cent
	of Houses, 1970	Occupied Units, 1970	Per Houschold, 1970	Units with 8 or More Persons, 1970	Occupied Units with 8 or More Persons, 1970
Fayette	5.947	5	-	7,44	6 01
Fentress	4,049	3,638	3,48	727	-
Franklin	8,771			516	
Gibson	17,103	30	•	370	•
Giles	7,966	7,173		87	•
Grainger	4,951	4,208	(* )	108	•
Greene	16,024	14,687	_	275	•
Grundy	3,571	3,175	,	56	•
Hamblen	12,716	3,		114	•
Hamilton	87,599	82,279	٠	1.147	•
Hancock	2,303	5	٠,	77	•
Hardeman	6,473	,75		367	•
Hardin	6,474	,76	_	500	•
Hawkins	10,965	, 24	3	244	•
Haywood	6,084	45	5	197	•
Henderson	6,143	65		76	•
Henry	9,305	23	$\infty$	126	•
Hickman	4,222	87	_	78	•
Houston	2,116	85		. E.	•
Humphreys	4,802	4,260		56	, age
Jackson	2,912	,61		77	7
Jefferson	8,275	7	-	125	7 - 1
Johnson	4,090			115	
Knox	$\mathbf{\sigma}$	,36	0	1.273	



TABLE VIII (continued)

(1)	(2)	(3)		(2)	(9)
	Number	er	Population	Occupied	Per Cent Suriad Uni
	10	D T	rer	ILS WIL	rh 8 or
Counties	nouses, 1970	1970	1970	rso	sons, 197
				•	
1 240	2 752	38		110	9.4
Ton James 1	~	17	C	~	
Lauderdale	•	1	••	ץ ע	•
Lawrence	•	, ()	٦,	٦ (	•
Lewis		91	0	7	•
Lincoln	8,386	.79		199	•
Loudon	•	.82	0.	97	•
Modification	-	,15	_	229	•
Monare	Î G	98	0	$\infty$	•
נורוומדו א	001	, v	0	07	
Macon	j,	٥	, -	† (	•
Madison	•	<b>,</b> 54	٦.	000	•
Marion	•	, 13	. ·	- 1	•
Marshall	6,124	,65	0	<u> </u>	•
Maury	14,654	,64	<b>.</b>	342	•
Meigs	1,842	,56	· 3	2	•
Monroe	7,736	,97	٣,	168	•
Montgomery	18,815	,82	<del>د</del> .	4	•
Moore	1,242	, 14		7	<b>.</b>
Morean	4,168	,79	7.	156	•
Obion	11,068	,31	6.	$\infty$	•
Overton	• •	,62		116	2.5
Perry	2,160	,80	∞.	16	6.
Pickett		,18	<b>T</b>	10	•
1	3,954	3,588	3.25	83	2.3
Putnam	11,993	,04	6.	165	•
	•				



TABLE VIII (continued)

	$(\frac{2}{2})$ Number	<b>5.</b> •	(4) Population	(5) Occupied	(6) er Cent
Count les	01 Houses, 1970	Occupied Units, 1970	Fer Household, 1970	Units with 8 or More Persons, 1970	Occupied Units with 8 or More Persons, 1970
Rhea	5,901	33	1 7	10	
Roane	13,189	$\stackrel{\cdot}{1}$		O	•
Robert son	9,859			209	•
Ruth: rd	19,035	38		V	•
Scott	879.7	,23	7	$\circ$	•
Sequatchie	2,003	,88	<u>.</u>	ഗ	•
Sevier	10,268	28,			•
Shelby	222,626	213,527	3.29	6,242	2.9
Smith	4,489	4,148	0		•
Stewart	2,751	2,410	0	36	•
Sullivan	42,187	40,067		$\circ$	•
Sumner 📂	18,607	17,141	7	247	•
	8,517	7,977	7	S	•
Trousdale	1,813	1,661	0	$\sim$	•
Unicoi	5,194	698,7	<b>.</b>	122	•
Union	3,119	2,647	7	92	•
Van Buren	1,292	1,157	7	15	
varren	9,501	8,669	۲.	7	
Washington	24,240	22,533	Ξ.	382	
Wavne	4,180	3,819	2	$\vdash$	•
Weaklev	10,146	9,400	$\infty$	7	
White	5,788	5,265	0	0	•
Williamson	11,028	10,232	3	207	2.1
Wilson	12 900	11 666		Q	



from Center for Business and Economic Research, the University of Tennessee, Knoxville and Tennessee State Planning Commission, State Planning Division, Nashville, Tennessee 1970 Census of Housing. The data in Column (6) were calculated by dividing the data in Column (5) by the data in Column (3). The data in Column (4) came (6) of Table VIII came from Bureau of the Census, Detailed Housing Characteristics, Sources of Data and Explanations: The data in Columns (2), (3), (5), and Population and Housing 1950-1970, Part I: Summary Indicators, March, 1971. Tennessee:



TABLE IX

Housing Quality

(1)	(2) Num- ber Sound	(3) Per Cent Sound	(4) Number Houses Deteri-	(5) Number Houses Delapi-	(6) Number Houses Without Some or All	en Vi
Counties	Houses, 1960	Houses, 1960	orating 1960	1960	1970	1970
Anderson	,23	6	,45	9	53	2.
Bedford	,73	2	76	<b></b> 1	,38	٠ د
Benton	,42		, I3	<b>~</b> 0	<b>5</b>	٠ د م
Blannt	13,087	74.6		1,343		11.3
Bradlev	8,45	س	(	. 7	· 5	6
Campbell	,32	<u>ر</u>	,48	7	,25	9
Cannon	,64	1.	80	4	90,	7
Carroll	,76	6	95	す	,01	<b>.</b>
Carter	, 19	5	,23	_	, 58	7
Cheatham	<b>,</b> 65	5	96	S	88	0
Chester	,65	ص	86	3	73	
Claiborne	, 91	÷.	<b>~</b> •	<b>—</b> (	~	•
Člay	, 12	ر	97	<u>ب</u> ح	ر کرد	
Cocke	<b>\</b>	٠. د	N	$\supset c$	φ, ς	
Corree	07,		, / <i>L</i>	ÖÖ	, 0 c	,,
Crockett	0,0	- c	, L4	7 6	, 0 C	. o
Cumber Ianu	, 0 (	•	) (	- 4	50	•
	Vι	, ,	, 7	0 -	, 0 0 0	· ·
Decatur	<b>کر:</b>	ot i	<b>.</b>	٠,	7,	· 1 t
DeKalb	すり	٠ •	┙,	r1 (	Σία	•
Dickson	,06	/	_	2	<b>5</b>	•
Dyer	5,714	о О	90	m	,12	د



TABLE IX (continued)

(1)	(2) Num-	(3) Per	(4) Number	(5) Number	(6) Number Houses	50
	ber Sound Houses,	Cent Sound Houses,	Houses Deteri- orating	Houses Delapi- dated,	Without Some or All Plumbing	Houses Without Some or All Plumbing,
Counties	1960		1960	1960	1970	1970
Fayette	,22	37.7	86	1,785	00,	•
	1,768	51.3	1,186	495	2,013	49.7
Franklin	7,	66.9	ر. ر	8/2	<b>7</b> ,	•
Gibson	, 12	66.2	, 76	1,412	, I.7	ж 1
Grainger	, 0 0	7 27	, 0,0	7.09	, , ,	٠,
)	61	59.2	95,	1.287	, 16	9
Grundy	,91	58.3	87	501	,30,	9
Hamblem	6,58	•	96,	40	,52	2
Hamilton	,26	74.3	$\sim$	5,668	,12	ω.
Hancock	<b>80</b> ,	•	86	e .	,43	٠ د
Hardeman	<b>3</b> 85	•	,49	,24	,26	٠.
Hardin	95	•	,51	,05	,84	٠ م
Hawkins	, 03	56.1	, 91	02	,23	<u>.</u>
Haywood	160	•	<b>2</b> 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	,5/	2,4 2,0	· .
Henry	, , , ,	2000	– ת	047 779	, , , ,	• + α
Hickman	43	• (	76	412	330	
Hous ton	92		• 🗢	214	58	
Humphreys	,12	54.2	$\sim$	619	മ	φ.
Jackson	55	1.	$\sim$	372	,36	.0
Jefferson	,20	64.5	$\sim$	685	$\sim$	<b>∴</b>
Johnson	1,79	$\frac{55.1}{100}$	<b>.+</b> 1	41	, 68	
Knox	_	75.7	$\sim$	5,184	,03	•



TABLE IX (continued)

(1)	(5)	(3)	(†)	(5)	(9)	(2)
	-wn/	Per	Number	Number	Number Houses	Cen
	ber	Cent	Houses	Houses	Without	ouses Wi
	Sound :	Sound	Deteri-	Delapi-	Some or All	A IC
•	Houses,	Houses,	orating	dated,	Plumbing	umbin
Countles	1960	1960	1960	1960		1970
Lake	¥,	<b>.</b> †	,37	v	- U 1	4
Landerdale	30	~	$\mathbf{-}$	7	7	
Lawrence	30	~	Ö	ب	v	
Lewis	`t	<u>,</u>	746	•	5,4	
Lincoln	,46	α	9,	_	17	Š
London	٠,	∾.	7,	45	,19	,
McMinn	S.	_	, 17	(~I	73	·
McNairy	) ?	~	7.	$\mathbf{-}$	86	œ
Macon	86		45	(7)	84	· _ ·
Madison	62		, 17		,61	
Marion	7.5	.+	,42	9	,55	,
Marshall	7,7	_	,53	ന	28	· ~
Maury	8,398	7.79	3,284	1,358	2,737	1 00
Meigs	72	~	53	21	<b>,</b> 65	
Monroe	3,824		,57	.28	.19	000
Montgomery	10,984	•	$\boldsymbol{\sigma}$	$\Box$	$\overline{}$	
Noore	26	~:	36	ന	39	
Morgan	2,219	~:	,08	$\sim$	.52	
Obion	,73	-	$\sim$	$\alpha$	.55	
Overton	,36	•	,45	$\sim$		
Perry	982	•	_	_	,66	
Pickett	70	<b>:</b>	$\sim$	$\overline{}$	. ~	
Polk	1,891	•	, 18	$\sim$	.02	, ,
Putnam	,53	•	$\overline{}$		. ^	19.7





TABLE ix (continued)

(1)	(2) Num- ber	(3) Per Cent	(4) Number Houses	(5) Number Houses	(6) Number Houses Without	<b>—</b>
Counties	Sound Houses, 1960	Sound Houses, 1960	orating 1960	Delapi- dated, 1960	-	Plumbing,
Rhea		/	.24	-	7.	•
Roane	0	9.69	2,620	913	1,772	13.4
Robertson	,44	4.	, 10	0	0,	
Rutherford	,82	3.	,67	S	7	<del>.</del> د
Scott	,87	•	33	80	1,	• •
Sequatchie	0	•	45	9	S	9
Sevier		•	1,835	2	2,111	ο,
Shelby	,40	•	77,		Š	4.
Smith	62	•	1,042		ر د	•
Stewart	1,12	•	<b>,</b> 06	70	0	•
Sullivan	69,	•	<b>,</b> 68	, 91	2	٠,
Sumner	16	•	,40	9	رم	5
Tipton	,12	•	77,	,29	7	
Trousdale	91	•	425	$\infty$		x
Unicoi	2,558	•	1,224	3	0	•
Union	چ 8	•	1,074	7	٥	1 t
Van Buren	47	•	33	<b>\</b>	0	•
Warren	, 73	•	, 92	7	اگر	٠,
Washington	,41	•	,96	1,350	,	
Wayne	99	•	,29	5	7,	٠ ر
Weakley	,71	<b>7.</b> 99	, 15	C	,	
White	,75		,79	4	9	$\infty$
Williamson	21	57.7	1,928	1,165	2,076	<b>∞</b> •
Wilson	.07		<b>80</b>	1	7,	6

(2) by the total number of housing units in the county for the year 1960, The data teristics, Tennessee: 1970 Census of Housing. The data in Column (7) were calcu-Sources of Data and Evplanations: The data in Columns (2), (3), (4), and Volume I. The data in Column (3) were calculated by dividing the data in Column (5) in Table IX came from Bureau of the Census, U.S. Census of Housing, 1960, in Columns (6) and (7) came from Bureau of the Census, Detailed Housing Characlated by dividing the data in Column (6) by the total number of houses in the county for the year 1970.



## SERVICE PATTERNS

The preceding descriptive statistics on population and economic conditions provide the base for the service superstructure of the State of Tennessee. The amount and quality of health, education, and welfare services provided become the critical measures of advantage and disadvantage of county populations. Some idea of services provided and those needed are indicated by selected statistics on health, education and welfare services.

The most reliable measures of a county's health status is an index of health devised by the Tennessee Department of Health. This index is the result of a composite of 15 factors:

- 1. Median family income
- 2. Per cent of unsound housing (lack of plumbing)
- 3. Per cent crowded (1.01 or more persons per room)
- 4. Selective Service rejection rate
- 5. Unemployment rate
- 6. Birth rate
- 7. Death rate
- 8. Postneonatal death rate
- 9. Illegitimacy rate
- 10. Suicide and homicide rate
- 11. Per cent of the population 65 years and older
- 12. Per cent of the population 18 years and younger



- 13. Population per general hospital bed
- 14. Population per dentist
- 15. Population per physician

For 1970 Lake, Crockett, Lauderdale, Fentress and Bledsoe counties are depicted as having the poorest health services in the State. On the other extreme Sullivan, Anderson, Putnam, Knox and Hamblen enjoyed the best ratings on the health index of all the counties.

The highest death rate in 1970 was in Giles county with 13.9 deaths per year per 1,000 population. Perry county was next with 13.7 and Smith county followed with 13.6.

Montgomery, Bradley, and Anderson showed the lowest death rates. Montgomery and Bradley had death rates of 7.4 and 7.5 per year per 1,000 population respectively, and Anderson had a death rate of 7.7 per year per 1,000 population.

In terms of number of physicians available, the more urban or fringe urban areas were best supplied. Rural counties are hard pressed to attract and retain physicians. A few rural counties have been able to significantly increase the presence of physicians. From 1961 to 1970 Clay county increased its supply of physicians from 1 to 4, and Hardin county increased its supply of physicians from 7 to 11. Pickett county upped its supply of physicians from 0 to 3 for the same period.

Throughout the State the rural areas had high illiteracy



rates. The top five illiteracy counties in 1970 were Lake, 24.7 per cent; Trousdale, 24.2 per cent; Hancock, 23.4 per cent; Fentress, 22.3 per cent; Scott, 21.7 per cent. High illiteracy rates are associated with poorness. Those counties least affected by illiteracy were Davidson with 6.0 per cent; Hamilton with 6.8 per cent; Knox with 6.9 per cent; Shelby with 7.5 per cent; and Marshall with 7.5 per cent.

Counties exhibiting the highest per cent participation in the food stamp program were a mixture of West Tennessee and Appalachia. Fayette led with 37.9 per cent of the population participating in the food stamp program. Hancock, Scott, Haywood, and Campbell were next with 35.6, 34.0, 32.8, and 27.8 per cent in that order. Participation in the food stamp program is a decision by local government to underwrite the costs. For whatever reason, 14 Tennessee counties did not have a food stamp program.



TABLE X Health

Counties Anderson Bedford Benton	Average	Average	Indox of	Trades of	••
Anderson Bedford Benton	Annual Birth Rate, 1970	Annual Death Rate, 1970	<b>1</b> 0	( ) ( )	Ranks of Health, 1960 to 1970
Bedford Benton	16.3	7.7	93	1 '	0 [
Benton	19.3	12.7	74	٤	•
יייייןמ	17.2	13.0	74	, œ	17
aospara	20.1	13.3	14	91.0	
Blount	17.2	8.4	06	9	• _
Bradley	21.1	7.5	87	S	_
Campbell	17.7	12.0	26	6	•
Cannon	15.7	13.1	20	0	26.0
Carroll	16.5	13.0	27	7	7
Carter	18.6	8.8	73	7	•
Cheatham	18.0	10.1	47	8	
Chester	15.0	11.8	28	2	
Claiborne	16.8	11.5	18	2	•
clay	14.6	11.2	10		30.0
Cocke	20.4	11.1	18	2	4
Coffee	16.8	<b>6.</b>	91	-	0.9-
Crockett	17.0	13.1	12	-	•
Cumberland	19.5	ທ <b>ຸ</b>	28	6	00
Davidson	17.9	9.5	88	0.8	
Decatur	14.6	•	44	•	0 8
DeKalb	16.7	12.6	55	1	
Dickson	19.7	•	63	54.0	-20.5
Dyer	18.1	12.2		S	4
Fayette	18.9	8.0	4	86.0	•



TABLE X (continued)

(1)	$\sim 6$	(3) Vera	_	(5) Index of	<b>10</b> (1)
Counties	Annual Birth Rate, 1970	Annual Death Rate, 1970	Health, 1960	Health, 1970	1960 to 1970
Fantrass	22.6	10.6	œ	2	-4.0
Franklin	17.4	10.0	74	<b>&amp;</b>	-7.0
Gibson	€ <b>8</b> €	11.9	52	1	•
Giles	15.1	13.9	38	65.0	0.4-
Grainger	18.4	9.5	36	<b>-</b>	-11.0
Greene	17.7	8.6	78	5	
Grundy	24.0	12.4	9	6	•
Hamblen	20.8	9.8	94	•	0.61
Hamilton	19.3	10.2		•	m ,
Hancock	16.4	12.8	24		-16.0
Hardeman	19.7	9.4	ស	•	-
Hardin	16.7	11.9	53	•	-10.5
Hawkins	18.4	9.7	28 8	•	•
Haywood	16.9	10.8	c ·	•	•
Henderson	16.6	13.2	93 	78.0	- (
Henry	14.4	14.1	70	•	24.
Hickman	14.1	12.3	40	•	, œ
Houston	20.5	12.0	ָּס וְ	•	•
Humphreys	17.7	•	57	•	4,
Jackson	13.5	12.3	20	•	-1.5
Jefferson	16.4	•	98	•	•
Johnson	16.2	•	17	•	0.0
Knox	16.9	. 0.6	92	4	
Lake	18.6	14.2	7	د	-1.0
Lauderdale	20.7	•	<b>~</b>	93.0	0.0
Lawrence	18.3	8.6	67	i.	-2.5



TABLE X (continued)

(1)	(2)	(6)	•		
	Average	s) ra	(4) Index of	(5) Index of	(6) Difference in
Counties	Annual Birth Rate, 1970	1911	<b>4</b> 0	ch o	Ranks of Health
				)	200
Lewis	ואו	י בי	;	} (	
Tingola	1 • F	C-TT	31	ഗ	10.0
ביווכסדוו	17.4	11.2	43	G	_
Loudon	15.2	11.2	69	, ~	7.4
McMinn	17.2	7 6	78	1 a	
McNairy	15.4		, ,	. מ	9
Macon	15.1		77	י	ָ עַב
Madison		, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		٠,	•
Marion	1.01.	r (	<u>ب</u>		ä
Marchall	101	10.	30	~	
	0.71	12.5	29	<b>T</b>	S
ganty	16.7	11.2	09	~	•
Melgs	19.9	•	12		•
Monroe	19.9	<b>8</b>	42	•	, L
Montgomery	15.3	•	. «	•	•
Moore	10.1		70	:	4,
Morgan	17.0	2011	n u	: .	ij
Obion	17.7		) C	79.0	-28.0
Overton	14.5	C	200	•	
Perry	2.4	•	) (	<u>.</u>	<b>;</b>
Pickett	. R.C.	7 - C - C	32	;	•
Polk	).   (C	* u	T?	رد	•
Pritram	1.07		64	•	-8.0
L CITATION	9 · 0 · 0	/ . 8	77	3.0 8.0	
Knea	22.1	10.6	48	_	٥
Roane	15.8	7.6	81	4	•
Robertson	17.1	11.4	. r.	•	,
Rutherford	20.1	:	) a	o c	-30.U
Scott	20.7	i œ	<b>"</b> -		•
			<b>1</b>	85.0	0



TABLE X (continued)

Annual Birth Annual Death Health, Rail Rate, 1970 Rate, 1970 1960 1970 1970 1960 1970 1970 1960 1970 1970 1970 1970 1970 1970 1970 197	(1)	(2) Average	(3) Average	(4) Index of	(5) Index of	(6) Difference in
hie 22.1 9.8 37 23.0 16.16.20.8 8.3 66 14.0 16.3 14.0 16.3 19.8 8.3 66 14.0 -14.0 12.2 19.5 7.8 95 1.0 20.1 19.5 10.8 7 54 84.0 20.1 19.5 10.5 51 22.0 20.1 16.3 9.2 72 22.0 16.3 18.2 7.8 35 73.0 -12.1 18.0 17.3 6.9 15 87.0 6.9 15 17.0 18.4 10.0 25 57.0 14.1 12.5 70 27.0 14.1 12.5 10.2 8.8 30.0 48.0 18.8 19.1 10.2 61 47.0 -12.1 19.1 10.2 61 47.0 -12.1 18.0 10.2 61 47.0 -12.1	Counties		al Dea e, 197	Health, 1960	Health, 1970	s of Hea 60 to 19
16.3 8.3 66 14.0 16.0 20.8 8.8 85 19.0 -8.2 12.2 9.3 33 44.0 20.1 19.1 8.7 54 22.0 20.1 19.5 10.8 7 54 22.0 20.1 16.3 9.2 72 25.0 -12.1 18.2 7.8 35 73.0 -12.1 18.4 10.0 89 7.0 -6.1 17.6 10.0 89 7.0 -6.1 18.1 12.5 70 14.1 18.2 16.4 44.0 -8.1 18.4 10.0 25 57.0 14.1 18.5 17.6 10.0 89 7.0 -6.1 18.1 10.0 25 57.0 14.1 18.1 12.5 70 48.0 18.1 18.2 16.6 11.3 23 30.0 48.0 18.1	Semiatchie	22.1	8-6		23.0	9
20.8 8.8 85 19.0 -8.1 14.9 13.6 46 64.0 20.1 19.1 13.6 46 64.0 20.2 19.2 7.8 95 1.0 20.0 19.1 10.8 7 84.0 20.0 16.3 10.5 51 29.0 16.1 18.2 7.8 35 73.0 -12.1 18.0 17.3 6.9 15 87.0 -6.1 18.1 10.0 25 57.0 14.1 17.6 10.0 25 57.0 14.1 18.1 12.5 70 27.0 43.1 18.2 16.6 11.3 23 30.0 43.1 19.1 10.2 61 47.0 -12.	Sevier	16.3	. e.		14.0	9
13.6 46 64.0 -14.  12.2 9.3 33 44.0 20.1  19.6 7.8 95 1.0 20.0  19.1 8.7 54 22.0 20.0  19.5 10.8 7 84.0 5.0  16.3 7 84.0 16.0  18.2 7 84.0 10.0  18.2 7 87.0 -12.0  18.0 11.0 62 44.0 -6.0  17.6 10.0 89 7.0 14.0  17.6 10.0 25 57.0 14.0  18.1 12.5 70 27.0 18.0  18.0 11.3 23 30.0 48.0 18.0  19.1 10.2 61 47.0 -12.	Shelby	20.8	<b>.</b> .		•	~ &
the 12.2	Smith	14.9	13.6		4	-14.0
19.6 7.8 95 1.0 20.0 20.0 19.1 8.7 54 22.0 20.0 20.0 10.8 7 84.0 55.0 16.3 9.2 72 25.0 16.3 18.2 7.8 35 73.0 -12.0 18.0 17.6 10.0 89 7.0 -6.0 14.1 12.5 70 27.0 -12.0 18.0 18.8 30.0 48.0 18.0 19.1 10.2 61 47.0 -12.	Stewart	12.2	9.3		4	0
19.1 8.7 54 22.0 20. 19.5 10.8 7 84.0 51 15.7 10.5 51 29.0 16. 16.3 9.2 72 25.0 -1. 18.2 7.8 35 73.0 -12. 18.0 11.0 62 44.0 -6. 17.6 10.0 89 7.0 -1. 14.1 12.5 70 27.0 -1. 18.0 11.3 23 30.0 43.0 18.  Ison 17.5 8.8 30.0 48.0 18.	Sullivan	19.6	7.8		•	
19.5 10.8 7 84.0 5.1 16.3 10.5 5.1 29.0 16.3 16.3 9.2 72 25.0 16.1 18.2 7.8 35 73.0 -12.0 18.0 11.0 62 44.0 -8.0 17.6 10.0 25 57.0 14.1 12.5 70 27.0 18.1 18.1 18.5 8.8 30.0 48.0 18.1 10.2 61 47.0 -12.	Summer	19.1	•		7	· •
le. 15.7 10.5 51 29.0 16.1 16.3 9.2 72 25.0 -1.1 12.0 18.2 73.0 -12.0 18.2 73.0 -12.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 18.4 10.0 89 7.0 -6.0 17.6 10.0 25 57.0 14.1 12.5 70 27.0 -11.3 23 30.0 48.0 18.0 18.0 19.1 10.2 61 47.0 -12.	Tipton	19.5	0		4	S
en 16.3 9.2 72 25.0 -1 18.2 7.8 35 73.0 -1 17.3 6.9 15 87.0 -1 18.0 11.0 62 44.0 -1 18.4 10.0 25 57.0 1 17.6 10.0 25 57.0 1 14.1 12.5 70 27.0 -1 16.6 11.3 23 30.0 48.0 1 19.1 10.2 61 47.0 -1	Trousdale	15.7	0	51	<u>.</u>	9
en 17.3 6.9 15 73.0 -1 17.3 6.9 15 87.0 - 18.0 11.0 62 44.0 - 18.4 10.0 25 57.0 1 14.1 12.5 70 27.0 - 16.6 11.3 23 30.0 4 5on 17.5 8.8 30 48.0 -1	Ilnicoi	16.3	9.5	72	Š	
en 17.3 6.9 15 87.0 — 18.0 11.0 62 44.0 — 18.4 10.0 89 7.0 7.0 17.6 10.0 25 57.0 1 14.1 12.5 70 27.0 — 16.6 11.3 23 30.0 48.0 1 17.5 8.8 30 48.0 — 19.1 10.2 61 47.0 —	Union	18.2	7.8	35	<u>.</u>	
ton 18.0 11.0 62 44.0	Van Buren	17.3	6.9	15	7	9
ton 18.4 i0.0 89 7.0 17.6 10.0 25 57.0 1 14.1 12.5 70 27.0 - 16.6 11.3 23 30.0 4 son 17.5 8.8 30 48.0 1 19.1 10.2 61 47.0 -1	Warren	18.0		62	4	
17.6     10.0     25     57.0     1       14.1     12.5     70     27.0     -       16.6     11.3     23     30.0     4       son     17.5     8.8     30     48.0     1       19.1     10.2     61     47.0     -1	Washington	18.4	10°0	89	•	0
son 17.5 12.5 70 27.0 - 16.6 11.3 23 30.0 4 8.0 17.5 8.8 30 48.0 1 19.1 10.2 61 47.0 -1	Mayne	17.6	10.0	25	7.	14.0
16.6     11.3     23     30.0     4       17.5     8.8     30     48.0     1       19.1     10.2     61     47.0     -1	Weaklev	14.1	12.5	70		-1.5
amson 17.5 8.8 30 48.0 1 n 19.1 10.2 61 47.0 -1	White		11.3	23		
19.1 10.2 61 47.0 -1	Williamson	17.5	•	30	@	18.0
	Wilson	19.1		61	47.0	-12.0



(6) were taken from Office of Comprehensive Health Planning, Tennessee Department of Sources of Data and Explanations: The data in Columns (2) and (3) of Table Bulletin of Vital Statistics for the Year 1970. The data in Columns (4), (5), and X came from State of Tennessee, Department of Public Health, Nashville: Annual Public Health, Nashville: An Index of Health, January, 1972.

TABLE XI

Health Care Service

(1)	(2) Number of Physicians	3) er o [cia	(4) Number of Hospital	
Counties	Registered, 1961	0 0	Beds 1968	8
		- 2	100	316
Anderson	χ. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	/0	107	CT7
Bedford		9	6	202
Benton	~ ~	) c	70	276
Bledsoe	C */	2 S	210	304
Blount Beedle:	27	35	182	278
brauley Campbell	12.	11	105	248
Cannon	က	7	91	<b>63</b>
Carroll	6	10	9/	338
Carter	18	<u>20</u>	110	387
Cheatham	2	5	0 •	1 .
Chester	က	7 '	٠,	1,654
Claiborne	<b>.</b>	_	61 •	318
Clay	<b></b>	4、	10	414
Cocke	ĨÕ	٥,	90	202
Coffee	19	χ <u>τ</u>	149	617
Crockett		<b>^</b> '	> 5	i u
Cumberland	<b>,</b>	16	١	607
Davidson	638	835	6,547	O u
Decatur	<b>7</b>	<b>ن</b> ب		$\cap$ $\sim$
DeKalb	<b>1</b>	٠;	45	7 7
Dickson	12	7 T	131	007
Dyer	<b>CZ</b>	07	701	9

\*The data in Column (5) were determined by dividing the population of the county for 1970 by the data in Column (4).



TABLE XI (continued)

Counties Favette Fentress Franklin Gibson	-	Number of		0
Favette Fentress Franklin Gibson	re	Physicians Registered, 1970	Hospital Beds, 1968	Persons per Hospital Bed
Fentress Franklin Gibson	. 11	7	27	078
Franklin Gibson Gilae	7	. 7	70	180
Gibson	13	12	162	168
Cilbe	24	$\overline{27}$	222	216
61110	11	<b>∞</b>	L L	395
Grainger	m	2	0	
Greene	. 23	25	231	206
Grundy			(	607
Hamblen	21	25	7	263
Hamilton	303	350	1,566	$\frac{162}{162}$
Hancock	2		_	419
Hardeman	15	10	2,656	·∞ !
Hardin	7	11	ָ יאט	357
Hawkins	15	11	89	967
Haywood	12	∞	50	392
Henderson	S	7	67	353
Henry	19	17	125	190
Hickman	က		~	336
Houston	1	m	0	) I
Humphreys	7	~	24	565
Jackson	9	4	07	203
Jefferson	12	10	103	242
Johnson	2		!	. •
Knox	348	410	87	62
Lake		1	•	



TABLE XI (continued)

(1)	(2) Number of	L.	(4) Number of	(5) Number of
Counties	Physicians Registered,	Physicians Registered, 1970	Hospital Beds, 1968	Persons per Hospital Bed
	,			
Lauderdale	10	<b>∞</b>	79	316
Lawrence		14	123	236
Lewis			32	211
Lincoln	15	15	150	162
London	6	∞	47	516
McMinn	22	22	105	338
McNairy	∞	<b>.</b>	67	3/4
Macon			33	3/3
Madison	63		400	164
Marion			72	285
Marshall	14	14	159	109
Maury			175	248
Meigs		<b>7</b>	0 (	1
Monroe	12	11	68	<b>5</b> 97
Montgomery		<b>4</b> ]	198	_
Mocre	<del>, -  </del>	<b>,</b>	<b>O</b> (	:
Morgan		7	0 ;	
Obion	30	28	55	111
Overton	50	<b>o</b>	, ,	<b>\</b>
Perry	2	7	24	<b>-</b>
Pickett	0	m	0	1
Polk .	7	9	07	9
Putnam	20	24	97	365
Rhea			45	$\infty$
Roane	22	21	149	٥



TABLE XI (continued)

(1)	(2) Number of	er of	(4) Number of	₩ 2
Counties	rnysicians Registered, 1961	rnysicians Registered, 1970	nospitai Beds, 1968	rersons rer Hospital Bed
4. 6	1.7	11	60	1 -
Robertson Buthanfand	70	11	92	010
Ruther Lord Scott	) 1	<b>9</b>	600,1	246
Sequatchie	က	7	26	· 🔰
Sevier	6	, 13	77	4
Shelby	948	1,212	6,392	113
Smith	7		69	$\infty$
Stewart	5		0	1
Sullivan	132	174	747	170
Sumner	20	21	108	_
Tipton	11	11	29	
Trousdale	2	<b>~</b>	23	2
Unicoi	<b>∞</b>	7	87	_
Union	<b></b>	<b>,</b>	0	
Van Buren	<b>—</b>		0	1
Warren	13	11	112	240
Washington	82		992	
Wayne	2		33	
Weakley	12	11	92	_
White	7		57	σ
Williamson	14	14	78	077
Wilson	15		72	_

1971. The data in Column (5) were calculated by dividing the total population of came from Tennessee Higher Education Commission, Medical Education for Tennessee, Sources of Data and Explanations: The data in Columns (2), (3), and (4) the county for 1970 by the data in Column (4).



TABLE XII

Education

(1)	(5)	(3)	(7)	10
	Median School	umber	Number of	uncti
	Years, 1970	Persons Age	vith	¥
	(Persons age	and (	ears or Le	ate
Counties	25 and Over)	970	hooling, 19	97
Anderson	12.1	3.53	75	1 '
Bedford	10.3	007	$\sim$	•
Benton	<b>6</b> &	7.276		5.6
Bledsoe	8.7	,97	$\circ$	•
Blount	11.2	6,01	,33	5
Bradley	10.0	6,43	,67	0
Campbel1	8.3	,61	76	•
Cannon	<b>x</b> .	,01	.67	3
Carroll	0.6	5,36	,41	6
Carter	8.6	90,	47	0
Cheatham	9.5	7,17	, 79	
Chester	8.7	,44	$\sim$	
Claiborne	8.5	,57	$\sim$	φ
Clay	8.1	,81	11	6
Cocke	8°.5°	3,55	.31	
Coffee	11.1	, 89	_	
Crockett	7.6	8,25	80	
Cumberland	8.7	,10	9	
Davidson	12.0	2,33	<b>*</b>	•
Decatur	8.7	,71	$\sim$	
DeKalb	8.7	,67	$\sim$	•
Dickson	8.9	,42	$\sim$	•

\*The illiteracy rate is described as the number of persons per 100 population that are age 25 and over with 4 years or less schooling.



TABLE XII (continued)

(1)	(2) Median School	(3) Number	(4) Number of	<b>⊷</b> ن ←
Counties	(Persons Age 25 and Over)	25 and Over, 1970	Years or Les chooling, 19	Rate 1970
Dver	8.9	7,	,50	4
Favette	8.5	10,256	2,123	20.7
Fentress	8.1	<b>•</b>	,46	5
Franklin	10.5	•	,31	•
Gibson	10.2	7,	, 32	•
Giles	9.5	<u> </u>	, 63	•
Grainger	φ. •	7,	, 33	•
Creene	•	•	, 97	•
Grundy	•	ر. د	6	•
Hamblen	10.3	•	2;	•
Hamilton	•	, N	,64	٠,
Hancock	•	بر د	φ, α	٠,
Hardeman	•	, ,	, 18 , 18	:.
Hardin	ထင္	•	,46	•
Hawkins	•	$\infty$	,45	7
Haywood	•	•	ر ارد	۰, د
Henderson	•	•	<b></b> (۲	, a
Henry Uiologo	0. v	•	, y	;
nickillan Hangton	•	•	1	•
Houston Homebrone	•	•	` ~	· o
Tackeon	•	•	$^{\circ}$	9
Jackson	•	<b>^</b> ~	3,7	
Johnson	. v	<b>~ L</b> C	. ~	• •
Knox	•	<u>`</u> _	10.442	9
Killy	0.71	<b>^</b>	•	•

TABLE XII (continued)

	~ =	(3) Number o	(4) Number of	
Counties	(Persons Age 25 and (Ner)	rersons age 25 and Over, 1970	Years or Less Schooling, 1970	11111eracy Rate 1970
Lake	8.0	60	0	7
Lauderdale	•	$\frac{1}{1}$	83	•
Lawrence	& &	16,366	1,806	11.0
Lewis	•	,78	34	•
Ltucoln	•	,03	,44	o.
Loudon	•	,97	,66	•
McMinn	_•	9.84	$\sim$	0.
McNairy	0.6	,82	62	•
Macon	8.3	45	,38	•
Ma lison	•	5,56	<b>\</b>	•
Marion	8.7	0,84	,79	•
Marshall	10.0	30,	78	•
Maury	10.4	4,18	3	•
Meigs	ر <b>.</b> 8	2,80	52	•
Monroe	8.5	2,60	,96	5.
Monrgomery	11.6	,30	20	•
Moore	9.3	2,10	17	•
Morgan	6.8	,22	,02	•
Obion	10.1	,79	62	•
Overton	8.3	51	35	5
Perry	8.6	27	47	4.
Pickert	8.3	,18	9	•
Polk	8.7	48	ll	7
Pirtuan	0	( )	, 27	ς,



TABLE XII (continued)

(1)	(2) Median School	(3) Number	r of	(5)* ction
Counties	(Persons Age 25 and Over)	25 and Over, 1970	Years or chooling,	Rate 1970
Rhea	8.9	.24	,07	•
Roane	•	1,56	, 111	•
Robertson	6.6	16,444	1,987	12.0
Rutherford	•	9.88	,29	7.
Scott	8.3	,62	99,	•
Sequatchie	•	3,33	40	5
Sevier	•	15,99	2,08	<del>.</del>
Shelby	12.0	4,87	,32	7
Smith	8.6	7,53	0	•
Stewart	$\infty$	4,40	09	ش
Sullivan	11.3	, 28	97	•
Sumner	10.5	0,68	95	6
Tipton	<b>&amp;</b> •	4,07	,40	•
Trousdale	4.8	,04	3	4.
Unicoi	9.2	,71	く	0
Union	8.3	, 86	S	7
Van Buren	æ.	2,06	32	
Warren	9.3	, 19	9	•
Washington	10.9	0,82	, 59	φ.
Wayne	8.5	6,72	66	•
Weaklev	<b>5.</b> 6	33.	~	6
White	8.7	,43	S	•
Williamson	11.0	,85	$\infty$	0
Wilson	10.3	0,75	$\vdash$	•



lettiessee: iv e Cersus of Population. The data in Column (5) were calculated by Surves of Data and Explanations: The data in Columns (2), (3), and (4) valve from Survan of the Census, General Social and Economic Characteristics, dividing the data in Column (4) by the data in Column (3).



TADLE XIII		Food Stamps			
••	•••	••	••		

(1)	(2); Number	(3) Number	(4) er Cent opulatio
Counties	Persons Certified, 1970	Persons Participat- ing, 1970	Participating in Food Stamp Program, 1970
Anderson Bedford	9,203 796 796	8,808 710 NFCP	14.6 2.8 
Bledsoe	777	90,	•
Blount Bradley	o to	5,734 2,271 7,244	
Campbell Cannon Carroll	97 NFS	,79 79 NFS	6 1
Carter Cheatham	96 FS	3,743 NFSP	• 1
Chester Claiborne	95, 06,	288,	د د د
Clay Cocke	ンファ	45 10 47	• •
Crockett	,77,	,58 ,70	• •
Cumbertanu Davidson	,31	,65	5
Decatur DeKalb	S	35 71	7.9
Dickson	$\infty$	1,240	•

NFSP stands for no food stamp program.



TABLE XIII (continued)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Number	Number	Per Cent of
	140 140	jo	
	S	Persons	~
	Certified,	rticipa	St
Counties	6	ing, 1970	Program, 1970
Dverr		19	,
Favertra	•	7.2	. /
Fentress	·	99	21.1
Franklin	ω,	σ	9
Gibson	FS	NFS	1 1
Giles	34	27	•
Grainger		, 93	13.9
Greene	NFS	NFS	ı
Grundy	,30	17	11.1
Hamblen	73	,58	•
Hamilton	,91	,45	•
Hancock	45	,39	•
hardeman	NFS	NFS	1
Hardin	,42	,35	•
Hawkins	,47	,31	•
Haywood	$\sim$	2	32.8
Henderson	,50	45	•
Henry	,42	,05	4.
Hickman	,54	,29	•
Houston	43	40	•
Humphreys	$\overline{\Box}$	9	•
Jackson	18	16	•
Jefferson	10	ťΛ	ŧ
Johnson	,30		11.5
Knox	26,307	$\infty$	•



TABLE XIII (continued)

	4		
	(2) Number of Persons (ertified,	(3) Number of Persons Participat-	Per Cent of Population Farticipating in Food Stamp
tes	1970	g, 197	rogram, 197
Lake	•	9,	•
Lauderdale	$\infty$	11	,   (1,
Laurence	<b></b> ,	, , ,	•
			°.2°
いってい	, O	, 93	•
acama's	1,705	£73	. + /
ンなっていって	ر م	9,46	•
なっては、これでは、これでは、これでは、これでは、これでは、これでは、これでは、これで	O L	S S	- 1
	3 2 2	100	•
Marshall	岩	ŃFS	1
Maury	$\circ$	87	۳. ا
7. I	<b>\</b> † :	71	•
1 to	$\infty$	$\sim$	•
がいいたといいといい	و	32.	•
14	٦ ،	γ,	ή,
	3,672	┅,	•
G. I.C.	<b>1</b>	9	+
Properties.	Ó	<b>'</b>	· ·
:Jane:	529	C1	•
NICKOTT C	249	S	7
14	1,015	76	•
Putnam	2,666	/	•
	•		



table MIII (continued)

About the state of		Number Number Notes Participating, 1970 1,913 4,652 NFSP 2,570 5,023 935 2,203 47,475	Per Cent of Population Participating in Food Stamp Program, 1970 11.1
		935 935 935 935 935 935 935 935	er Cent of opulation rticipatin Food Stam ogram, 197
		935 935 935 935 935 935 935	rticipatin Food Stam ogram, 197
	7. mg   5 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -	913 652 652 652 652 652 652 652 652 652 653 653 653	riicipatin Food Stam ogram, 197 11.1 12.0
		913 913 652 652 652 652 935 935 475	Food Stam ogram, 197 11.1 12.0
	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6	913 652 652 652 935 935 675 675	ll.1
		11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11,	
		14 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	,
		4 (14 97 4 6 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	• ;
		NFS 10.17 10.17 10.17 10.17 10.17 10.17 10.17	, ,
		110 017 100 014 0	
		10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	•
	2 0 0 0	20.77	
		75.77 7.47 7.47 7.47 7.47	•
	~1 00	117	
	S	Ġ	•
	,	c	
Arcino cir	<b>X</b>		• 1
ei C	1.	5	
	٠.	ر د ا	•
	ر ا ک	00	•
C	2	י נה י נה	• ) 1-
<b>1</b>	•	,	•
600	E CH	Š	) (
	ع. †	) \f	
•	0	3	•
	10	\ <i>t t</i>	
		5	
	· 🐴	) <del>-</del>	4
	(*	. ~	
	~	66	, ) (
	~	. ~	
•			_

Sources of Data and Explanations: The data in Columns (2), and (3), care

1970. The data in Column (4) were calculated by dividing the data in Column (3) by from fennessee Department f Public Weltare, Annual Report, July 1, 1969 - June 30, the total population of the county for 1970.

## **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

## A. Published Documents

- Bureau of the Census. 1969 Census of Agriculture-County Data, January, 1972.
- Bureau of the Census. <u>Detailed Housing Characteristics</u>, <u>Tennessee</u>: <u>1970 Census of Housing</u>.
- Bureau of the Census. <u>General Population Characteristics</u>, <u>Tennessee</u>: <u>1970 Census of Population</u>.
- Bureau of the Census. <u>General Social and Economic Characteristics</u>, <u>Tennessee</u>: <u>1970 Census of Populations</u>.
- Bureau of the Census. <u>Number of Inhabitants United States</u>
  <u>Summary: 1970 Census of Population.</u>
- Bureau of the Census. P.S. Census of Housing, 1960, Volume 1.
- Center for Business and Economic Research, The University of Tennessee, Knorville and Tennessee State Planning Commission, State Planning Division, Nashville. Tennessee Population and Housing 1950-1970 Part I: Summary Indicators. March, 1971.
- Oak Ridge National Laboratory. <u>Demographic Profiles of the United States</u>, <u>The East South Central States</u>: <u>Civil Defense Research Project</u>. April, 1972.
- Office of Comprehensive Health Planning, Tennessee Department of Public Health, Nashville. An Index of Health. January, 1972.
- State of Tennessee, Department of Public Health, Nachville.

  <u>Annual Bulletin of Vital Statistics for the Year 1970.</u>
- State Planning Division, Tennessee State Planning Commission.

  <u>Income and Employment in Tennessee</u>. April, 1970.
- State Planning Division, lennessee State Planning Commission.

  <u>Propulation in Tennessee</u>. April, 1970.
- Tennessee Department of Employment Secrity, Research and statistics Section, Tennessee. <u>Annual Average Work Free Estimates by Area</u>, 1966-70.



81

- Tennessee Department of Public Welfare. Annual Report. July 1, 1969-June 30, 1970.
- Tennessee Higher Education Commission. <u>Medical Education</u> for <u>Tennessee</u>, 1971.
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service.

  Statistical Bulletin No. 406, Farm Operator Level-ofLiving Indexes for Counties of the United States,

  1950, 1959, and 1964.
  - B. Unpublished Materials
- Office of Comprehensive Health Planning, Tennessee Department of Public Health, Nashville. A Loose Leaf Paper. 1971. (Unpublished)



## BEST COPY AVAILABLE

